The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XV. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1903. NO. 25

LOCAL NOTES.

—Choice timothy seed at Wright & Dell's.

—Harry Clemens, of Braddock, visited among friends in this county last week.

—A heating stove for sale; hard coal burner. Inquire of Mrs. Mary E. Numer.

—Mrs. J. Lee Rex and child, of Altoona, are visiting among friends in Mapleton.

—H. C. Dern, of the Altoona *Tribune*, died at his home in Altoona about four o,clock yesterday morning. Funeral at Altoona Friday afternoon.

—The price of the *Morning Tribune*, Altoona's leading daily, has been reduced from two cents to one cent per copy, or twenty-five cents per month.

—John Carothers, of Lewistown, Harry Carothers, of Osceola, and Mrs. Minold, of Mill Creek, were guests of D. B. Miller and wife a portion of the past week.

—For a bilious attack take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and a quick cure is certain. For sale by J. G. Gillam; James O. Heaton, Cassville.

—Mrs. A. W. Swope had her right arm badly burned last Wednesday by tilting a crock of hot apple butter so that a part of the contents fell on the injured member.

—Mrs. Katherine Ewing, of Newton Hamilton, and Mrs. Mollie E. Galey and daughter Doroetha, of East Liberty, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Henderson Monday.

—A. B. Apgar, of Philipsburg, is visiting friends in Union and Cass townships. Mr. Apgar was formerly a resident of Union township and enjoys a visit to his old home.

—Miss Lizzie Wilson, a trained nurse with headquarters at Greensburg, is spending a brief vacation at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wilson, in this place.

—Cyrus Smith, of Irwin, Pa., after working over 20 years on a device for consuming smoke, has perfected it. A stock company has been chartered to manufacture and introduce it.

—William McConahy and wife, of Philadelphia, spent a few days of the past week with Mr. McConahy's brother and sisters in Mapleton. At present they are visiting friends in Hare's valley.

—The Democratic state convention at Harrisburg last Wednesday, nominated Arthur G. Dewalt for Auditor General, Joel G. Hill for State Treasurer and John A. Ward and Calvin Rayburn for Judges of the Superior Court.

—Miss Mattie O'Connor, Charles O'Connor, S. Jesse Swope and Charles W. Swope left yesterday for Williamsport to attend the Williamsport Dickinson Seminary. The last named is a member of the senior class at that institution.

—C. Bower Shaver and Frank Longacre, of Mount Union, were callers at the ITEM office Monday. Mr. Shaver is one of the best stone masons and brick layers in this section of the state and many good jobs about Mapleton are testimonials of the character of his work.

—Hereafter there will be two sections of train No. 8, day express, on the Pennsylvania railroad. The first section will be made up of coaches at Altoona and will include the Bedford observation car to Harrisburg. The other section will be run as usual. Heavy travel is the cause.

—We are unloading to-day a car load of feed, consisting of oats, shelled corn, screenings, Victor corn and oats chop, corn, oats and barley chop, Buckeye wheat feed, pure corn chop. Remember you get a full 100 pounds to the sack. Choice clover and timothy seed. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—John M. Deline met with an accident in the coal mine at Robertsdale Saturday, August 29th, which resulted in his death a few hours later. He was carrying in his arms about fifty dynamite caps when from some cause they exploded, blowing off both hands and badly burning his body. He is survived by his wife and two children.

—E. L. Smith and family, of Cainsville, Missouri, arrived in Mapleton last Wednesday and remained with friends in Union and Cass townships until Monday. Mr. Smith's boyhood days were spent in Mapleton, his parents having moved from this place about thirty-seven years ago. For several years he has been conductor on the C. B. & Q. road and is prospering. This was the first visit of Mrs. Smith and her interesting daughters to the Keystone state and they seemed to enjoy the mountains. We hope they may come soon again.

—The Democratic county convention last Saturday nominated Jackson L. Grove, of Shirley township, for sheriff, and S. D. Bollinger, of Cromwell township, for jury commissioner. H. H. Davis, G. W. Yocum, S. D. Longenecker, Frank O'Connor and S. B. Dunlap were appointed to make additional nominations or to fill vacancies.

—Amos Laughrey Smith died suddenly at his home in Trough Creek valley Sunday morning. He was aged 79 years, 7 months and 6 days. We had hoped to be able to give a more extended notice of the deceased who was a native of Smith valley and who had been prominently identified with the development of this section of the county, but have been unable to procure the desired information.

—The second annual reunion of the ex-residents of Huntingdon county now in Blair county, was held at Lakemont Park, Altoona, last Saturday. A very large crowd of people were in attendance. At a business session during the afternoon these officers were elected: President, Rev. J. K. Lloyd; secretary, David E. North, esq.; treasurer, ex-Mayor C. E. Giles; executive committee, Rev. M. C. Piper, W. A. Blake and Captain D. Ross Miller.

—The Huntingdon *Monitor* was recently sold by S. E. Fleming, Esq., and the R. M. Speer estate to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick B. Merry, formerly of Massachusetts. Mrs. Merry, who will edit the *Monitor*, has had fifteen years experience. Mr. Robert K. Miller, one of the best writers in central Pennsylvania, has been retained as local editor and foreman. The retirement of Mr. Fleming marks an epoch in local journalism. We regret his retirement but wish all parties success.

—Mrs. Jennie Shaffer died at her home in Altoona at six o'clock Saturday evening, of Consumption, after a lingering illness. Deceased was a native of Adams county and was aged 44 years. She was a member of the Second U. B. church of Altoona. Her husband, James W. Shaffer, and five children survive. She is also survived by her mother, Mrs. Margaret E. Smith, and four sisters and one brother, Mrs. Clara Barben, of Mount Union, being one of the sister, and William E. Smith, of Orbisonia, the brother. The remains will be interred at Orbisonia to-day.

Seventh Annual Reunion.

The seventh annual reunion of the Veteran Employes' association of the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad will be held Thursday, September 17, in Altoona. The members will arrive and spend the morning in renewing old acquaintances. In the afternoon a business meeting will be held in the auditorium of the Pennsylvania Railroad Young Men's Christian association, and a banquet will be given in the evening, beginning at 9 o'clock, in the Logan house. The association has grown during the past year and its membership now numbers over 400. A number of employes of the old Altoona division are joining the organization and they help to swell the membership. The association was organized September 18, 1897.

The present officers were W. B. McCaleb, president; O. Gibson, master mechanic at Huntingdon, vice president; W. H. Black, assistant time-keeper of the middle division at Altoona, secretary; W. C. McFadden, of Harrisburg, now deceased, was treasurer. The rule of the association is that the superintendent of the division, by virtue of his office, will be the president of the association. At this meeting Superintendent C. A. Preston will be chosen president.

The association is to have a history of the division and the association printed in book form and the committee having charge of the work is composed of R. D. Steel, of Altoona; James Cullen, of Spruce Creek; Irvin J. Craine, of Harrisburg; Joseph T. Brown, of Altoona; Isaiah Reese, of Harrisburg; D. D. Wood, of Tyrone; C. C. McMahon, of Bellwood, and Lewis Messersmith, of Newport.

Stomach Trouble.

"I have been troubled with my stomach for the past four years," says D. L. Beach, of Clover Nook Farm, Greenfield, Mass. "A few days ago I was induced to buy a box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. I have taken part of them and feel a great deal better." If you have any trouble with your stomach try a box of these Tablets. You are certain to be pleased with the result. Price 25 cents. For sale by J. G. Gillam; James O. Heaton, Cassville.

The Beech Run Picnic.

Saturday morning, September 5th, dawned with cheering hopes for a fine day; the sky was expressly clear and beautiful without the trace of a cloud. The grandstand had been erected almost without the sound of a hammer and tastefully trimmed with spruce, ferns and flowers. When neighbor Decker was asked for the site on which to hold our picnic it was granted free as the air we breathe. The spot selected was an ideal one just west of the chapel on the historic banks of Beech run. To the east stretched the same old half-starved ball field, up south was the old school house foundation where the smoke curled peacefully to wintry skies four months of the year for thirty-six years, down to the north to the place of beginning is where the soil was well adapted to the growth of the alder. As to the growth of the alder many have had tangible evidence and know that when bad boys' backs got itchy the remedy and cure always came from the north. Up in the old field is where we played that good old game called "Towns Ball." Out was out in those old days and no chirping. The Shoop boys were fleet runners, the Truax boys were heavy batters, the Quarry boys were apt catchres while the Dell boys were Dutch and no good. These are thoughts of years gone by, some of which are pleasant but we must be off, down to the picnic for an elegant programme had been prepared.

The address of welcome was given by Miss Ettie Lynn. It was short, crisp and well worded. The Sunday school then sang "We are Marching Home to God," Rev. McClain led in prayer and nine little girls sang "Gathering in the Sheaves." This completed the programme for the forenoon. Superintendent Darbe Miller announced noon time, eat, drink and be merry—no, eat, drink and be wet. The intense heat had silenced the feathered warbler but encouraged the thunder shower. False prophets were upon the ground and said: "Spread down your spotless Irish linen, get the yellow leg rooster for this is to be no dry picnic." The first few drops which fell upon the stack cakes glistened like new 25-cent pieces in the missionary box. It fell upon the rich man's table and upon the poor man's as well. Whole families got wet from the gray haired grandpa and grandma down to the prattling grandchild. Every one you saw was going to or coming from their dinner. The chapel doors were opened and the weather prophets were the first to reach its friendly shelter.

The afternoon programme was a blank except Rev. McClain's address which was made in the chapel. The Reverend is always filled with keen Irish wit and gave an excellent talk. All the refreshments were disposed of, but it rained and it rained.

The picnic was all right. We returned home well drenched and the tall rag weeds were still nodding in the cabbage patch. But there will be a day of reckoning among the false prophets, and rag weed also.

J. I. M.

The County Fair.

The county fair closed last Friday evening and was one of the most successful ever held on the grounds. The weather was all that could be desired and the attendance during the four days exceeded twenty thousand. The wedding of C. B. Smith, of Cass township, and Miss Alice B. Diehl, of Logan township, Wednesday afternoon attracted thousands and the ceremony was performed in a solemn manner. J. R. Patton, Esq., officiated and Gilbert Greenberg served as attendant. There was no rowdyism about the affair but everything was conducted in a dignified manner. The horse races were also an attraction to many. The baby show on Friday drew a large crowd. There were thirty-seven babies entered for the prizes among which were two colored and two twins. The prizes were awarded as follows:

BOYS.

1.	Richard Stever,	8 months
2.	John Heffner,	8 months
3.	Paul Kelley,	14 months

GIRLS.

1.	Harriet Williams,	15 months
2.	Annie Kyper,	3 months
3.	Carrie Harpster,	9 months

TWINS.

1.	Fred and Chas. Miller,	5 months

COLORED.

1. Ruth Frisby
2. John Thompson

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headach or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle yet thorough. Only 25c at B. O'Connor & Sons' store.

September Court Proceedings.

The regular session of September court convened on Monday afternoon with all the judges on the bench.

The constables were sworn to their several returns.

R. P. Smith, of Cass township, was chosen as foreman of the grand jury.

In re libel in divorce, Robert E. Stewart vs. Susan A. Stewart; William H. Trude appointed master.

In re libel in divorce, R. B. Waite vs. Jestina Waite; S. I. Spyker appointed master.

Beturn of viewers to view and assess damages to property of William Mason, in Mt. Union, by reason of change of grade of Shirley street, read and confirmed nisi.

Report of T. W. Myton, auditor appointed to make distribution of balance in hands of Harry F. White, executor of Martha J. Yocum, late of Juniata township, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Writ of alternative mandamus granted against the school directors of Jackson township to show cause why Ennisville school should not be opened and a teacher employed.

Return of sale of real estate of Samuel H. Irvin, late of Jackson township, deceased, confirmed nisi. Exceptions filed.

Inquest awarded to make partition of the unsold real estate of Samuel H. Irvin, late of Jackson township deceased.

Return of inquest on real estate of Samuel Roseborough, late of Porter township, deceased, confirmed nisi and rule awarded on heirs to accept said real estate at valuation.

James T. Foster and Henry Hawn appointed appraisers to set apart property of Nicholas Conroy, late of Barree township, deceased, to his widow.

John H. Keefer appointed guardian of the minor children of Myrtle Simpson, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.

Citation awarded to Philip Barnet to show cause why he should not lift deed for real estate of John Hickes, late of Hopewell township, deceased, sold to him.

Order granted to sell the real estate of David Stumbaugh, late of Tod township, deceased, for payment of debts.

Order granted to sell the real estate of E. French, late of Tod township, deceased, for payment of debts.

J. R. Leffard appointed guardian of minor children of William Laird, late of the borough of Petersburg, deceased.

In re proceedings in partition on the real estate of Samuel Powell, late of Jackson township, deceased; return of rule on heirs and the real estate decreed to Lizzie S. Powell.

In re proceedings in partition in the estate of Samuel Cogley, late of the borough of Mt. Union, deceased; return of rule on heirs and sale of real estate awarded. George W. Cogley appointed trustee to sell.

Return of sale of real estate of W. O. Decker, of Huntingdon, by Thos. F. Bailey, assignee, confirmed nisi.

Inquest awarded to make partition of the real estate of William Jeffries, late of Tell township, deceased.

Report of R. W. Williamson, auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of A. W. Swope, administrator of Elizabeth Brenneman, late of Union township, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Return of sale of real estate of George Clemens, late of Shirley township, deceased, confirmed nisi.

In re libel in divorce, Lizzie Fair vs. Milton Fair, alias subpoena awarded.

Report of Chas. C. Brewster, auditor appointed to make distribution of the balance in hands of H. M. Corbin, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Moses Greenland, late of Cass township, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Polling place of Shirley election district changed to Piper school house.

Return of sale of real estate of George Sprankle, late of Porter township, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Return of sale of part of real estate of John C. Lotz, late of Shirleysburg borough, deceased, confirmed nisi; order continued as to remainder unsold.

Return of sale of real estate of Lewis C. Royer, late of Huntingdon, deceased, confismed nisi.

Petition of Scott Beegle, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Edward Beegle, late of Spruce Creek, deceased, for discharge; prayer granted.

Order to sell the real estate of Joseph W. Henry, late of West township, deceased, continued.

Samuel Brown Truax.

Samuel B. Truax, son of the late Richard and Missouri Truax of Mapleton, was the victim of an accident in the Pittsburg and Western yard at Allegheny, Wednesday morning, August 26, 1903, which resulted in his death Thursday evening, September 3, at six o'clock. It appears one of his feet was caught in a guard rail and before he could extricate it a portion of the train passed over him. The left leg was crushed from the knee down and the heel and toes of the right foot were severed. A fellow workman drew him out or he would probably have been worse mangled. The right foot was amputated and hopes of his recovery were entertained but the injuries to the right limb and the general shock was worse than had been supposed. He had been in the yard for eighteen years and was one of the oldest and most careful men in the employ of the company.

Mr. Truax was born in Springfield township, Huntingdon county, July, 7, 1853, and was aged 50 years, 1 month and 26 days. When a boy his parents moved to Union township, near Mapleton, where his youth was spent. About 27 years ago he was married to Mrs. Lambright, a daughter of the late Andrew Wise, and to them was born a son, Lloyd, at present a resident of Allegheny city. Mrs. Truax died at Lock Haven November 27, 1884, and the following year Mr. Truax went to Allegheny and entered the employ of the Pittsburg & Western Company. In 1898 he again married, his wife being Miss Margaret Caldwell, of Allegheny, who survives him. He is also survived by two sisters and four brothers. They are Mrs. R. C. Fields and Marshall P. Truax, of Mapleton, Mrs. W. L. White, of Mount Union, Hiram Truax, of Colorado, Newton, of Brisbin, and Henry W., of Trenton, New Jersey.

Mr. Truax was a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Prior to his death he made the arrangements for his funeral desiring that his body be interred in the family plot at Mapleton. The remains were brought here on Main Line Saturday and Sunday forenoon were interred as he desired.

The services were conducted in the United Brethren church by the pastor, Rev. Jamieson and delegations of the orders to which he belonged were the pall bearers. We extend sympathy to the bereaved friends.

Freight Wrecks During the Week.

Last Wednesday night a freight wreck occurred at Mill Creek and for several hours traffic was blocked.

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Thursday forenoon another wreck occurred just west of Huntingdon which delayed trains and took several hours to clear up.

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One of the worst wrecks on the middle division for years occurred at 11.30 o'clock Saturday night at Ryde station about twelve miles east of here. It was caused by a rear end collision and an engine and thirty cars with their contents were scattered over the tracks. The two trains were following each other closely and from all accounts the first train stopped for water and the second, going rapidly, smashed into the rear. The engine of the second train went straight up in the air and toppled over on her side. Engineer Buck and Fireman West remained on their engine and their escape from death is marvelous as the wrecked cars were piled all around the wrecked engine. Brakeman Waywalt, of Duncannon, was caught between two steel cars and had his leg crushed. The tracks were torn up for considerable distance and it was late Sunday before trains could be run.

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Sunday night at nine o'clock another big wreck which blocked traffic for several hours occurred a short distance west of Mapleton. An axle of a car on an east bound freight train broke and caused a big pile up over all four tracks. A train passing west at the time was caught in the wreck and several cars of its train were thrown over the embankment into a corn field near by. Twenty-one cars were wrecked. St. Louis express was caught behind the wreck and it was late Monday morning before it could get past. No one was injured but two trainmen made narrow escapes from being caught by a car as it toppled over into the corn field. The Altoona and Huntingdon wreck crews were ordered out and cleared the tracks.

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Monday about noon a car on a coal train going east was derailed near BP tower, blocking No. 2 track for a time.

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Between one and two o'clock yesterday morning several cars were wrecked on an eastbound freight train just at the eastern limits of town. The air brake connections broke and the rear end of the train came up against the front end with sufficient force to break two cars down and damage as many more. One of the broken cars was loaded with onions and the other with large cast iron pipes. By daylight the tracks were cleared.

REVOLUTION PROCLAIMED

Macedonian Insurgents Issue Their Long-Expected Document.

CHRISTIAN VILLAGES BURNED

Turks Massacre the Entire Population of Armensi and Velesi — A War Tax is Being Imposed Upon All the Sultan's Subjects—Bulgarians Lose 1500 Men—The Insurrectionary Leaders.

Sofia, Bulgaria.—While the anniversary of the Sultan's accession was being celebrated throughout the Ottoman Empire the Macedonian leaders issued the long anticipated proclamation of a general insurrection in Macedonia. The signatures of all the members of the insurgent general staff are attached to the document.

The new outbreak is headed by the famous Macedonian leaders, General Zontcheff, President of the Macedonian Committee, and Colonel Jankoff, who was wounded in the rising of 1902.

The new territory covers the district in the valley of the Struma, at the base of the Rhodope Mountain chain, and to the north of the River Vardar. Colonel Jankoff is directing the movement of the insurgents in the southern part.

News of severe fighting is still coming in. At the village of Armensi, after a day's fighting, the Turkish troops in the night time massacred the entire population of 180 men and 200 women. The Turks have also massacred the inhabitants of the village of Velesi.

It is reported that Hilmi Pasha, the Inspector General for Macedonia, fears to leave his headquarters in the Konak at Monastir. The insurgent leader, Grueff, in a letter to Hilmi Pasha, demanded that he prevent the barbarous acts of the Turkish soldiers and Bashi-Bazouks, otherwise the revolutionaries would massacre all the Turkish inhabitants. The insurgents have occupied the mountain pass of Gergele, on the main line from Salonica to Uskub, and Turkish troops have been sent to dislodge them.

The town of Malkoternovo is reported to be in a state of anarchy, the Turks plundering the houses and committing unspeakable atrocities on the women.

A strong force of Turkish infantry, cavalry and artillery recently attacked the village of Stoilovo, northward of Malkoternovo, which had been occupied by insurgents. The latter retired, after which the Turks entered the place, massacred the entire population and destroyed the village.

According to the latest Turkish official estimate about 1500 Bulgarians were killed in the recent fighting at Smilero, Neveska and Klissura. The Turkish losses are not stated. This estimate does not include further losses in the Smilero district. It is reported that 650 Bulgarians were killed in this two days' battle.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria has arrived at Euxinograde, Bulgaria, where he has been joined by Premier Petroff. The Prince is expected to remain there for some time.

Constantinople.—The Porte has sent a memorandum to the Austrian and Russian Ambassadors here pointing out that at the recent mass meeting of Macedonians in Sofia, Bulgaria, it was decided to send fresh bands into Macedonia, and also calling attention to the fact that committees in Bulgaria were supplying the insurgents with arms and ammunition by means of ships which land their cargoes on the coast in the vicinity of Iniada.

The Government has imposed a personal, or land tax, on the entire population of the empire over the age of eighteen. The tax is on different classes and ranges from about eighty cents to $800 each annually. This is regarded in some quarters as being in the nature of a provision for war.

In spite of the apparent gravity of the general situation optimism prevails in Turkish official circles.

BOY POISONS STEPMOTHER.

But He Explains That He Meant the Strychnine For His Step-Aunt.

Norfolk, Va.—John R. Dey, thirteen years old, has confessed that he put strychnine in a glass of water which his stepmother drank, supposing it a dose of salts. Mrs. Dey died an hour after drinking the poison.

The boy said he intended the poison for his step-aunt, Miss Marsula Simpson, who has been visiting the Dey house. His relatives say he threatened Miss Simpson the day previous, saying if she did not stop living on his father something would happen to her. The matter has been brought to the attention of Mayor Riddick by the boy's father, and the boy may be sent to a reformatory.

MOTHER SIGNS AWAY BABY.

Anderson, Ind., Woman Gives a Twenty-Year Lease on Her Child.

Anderson, Ind.—With Justice of the Peace W. O. Lee and Constable Bravy attesting the transaction, Mrs. Hattie Rummell, thirty-four years old, signed papers equivalent to a lease for twenty years by which she surrendered her nine months' old son to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hunt, of North Anderson.

Following the signatures, Mrs. Rummell, with the tears streaming down her cheeks, tenderly handed her baby boy, Clyde Hockman, to Mrs. Hunt, who will be a foster mother to the child.

Russia Wants Danish Consul Recalled.

Russia has asked Denmark to recall her Consul at Lovisa, Finland, because of his anti-Russianism.

MANIAC AT OYSTER BAY

He Sought the President With a Loaded Revolver.

He Wanted to Marry Miss Alice Roosevelt—Adjudged Insane and Sent to an Asylum.

Oyster Bay, L. I.—Henry Weilbrenner was arrested at Sagamore Hill late at night while making a persistent demand to see President Roosevelt. The man was armed with a revolver, fully loaded. He was taken to the village and placed in the town prison.

Shortly after 10 o'clock p. m. Weilbrenner drove to Sagamore Hill in a buggy. He was stopped by the Secret Service operative on duty. Weilbrenner said he had a personal engagement with the President and desired to see him. As it was long after the hours when visitors are received, the officer declined to permit him to go to the house. The man insisted, but the officer turned him away.

In a short time Weilbrenner returned and again insisted that he be allowed to see the President, if only for a minute. This time he was ordered away and warned not to return.

Just before 11 o'clock the man returned a third time and demanded of the officer that he should be permitted to see the President at once. The officer's response was to take the man from his buggy and put him in the stables, where he was placed under the guard of two stablemen. A revolver was found in the buggy.

Later Weilbrenner was brought to the village and locked up. He is five feet eight inches in height, twenty-eight years old, has a medium-sized dark mustache, black eyes, and evidently is of German descent. He resides in Syosset, about five miles inland from Oyster Bay. He was well dressed in a suit of dark material and wore an old-fashioned derby hat. He is the son of a truck farmer and is one of three brothers. He has two sisters. The family is respectable and is held in general esteem.

Weilbrenner several years ago had a nervous attack which rendered him mentally helpless for a day or two, but his family supposed that he had been quite restored by the medical treatment he received at that time. Since then he had manifested no symptoms of mental aberration. He had no socialistic or anarchistic tendencies so far as known, never having been interested in any questions of that kind. He was employed daily on his father's farm.

Weilbrenner was arraigned before Justice Franklin on complaint of the Secret Service operatives who placed him under arrest. Weilbrenner's brother, William, was present at the examination. Justice Franklin questioned the prisoner about his movements during the night. His replies were made in a quiet tone of voice, but they indicated, apparently beyond doubt, that the man is crazy. Asked why he went to Sagamore Hill he replied:

"I went to see the President about his daughter Alice."

"Had you an engagement with the President?"

"Yes."

"How was that engagement made?"

"I talked with the President last night," replied Weilbrenner.

"How did you talk with him?"

"Oh, I just talked."

"A sort of wireless talk, was it?"

"Yes, that is it; a wireless talk."

"Why did you want to see the President about Miss Alice?"

"I wanted to marry her."

"Did you ever see Miss Roosevelt?"

"Yes, I saw her night before last."

"Where did you see her?"

"At my house."

"Did she go over there?"

"Yes, she came in a red automobile."

"Who accompanied her?"

"Her brother, Theodore."

Justice Franklin, after the examination, concluded that he would hold Weilbrenner until an inquiry of lunacy could be held upon his case. The examination then was postponed until the afternoon. When it was reopened at 3.30 o'clock Dr. George A. Stewart and Dr. Irving S. Barnes conducted the examination of the prisoner. Weilbrenner was declared by them to be insane. He will be placed immediately in the custody of Sheriff Johnson, of Nassau County. His committal to a sanitarium will have to be made by the County Court.

Weilbrenner was taken to Mineola, L. I., and placed in the custody of the county authorities.

GOVERNMENT GAINS CASH.

More Money in the Treasury Than at This Time in 1902.

Washington, D. C.—Through a decrease in the public debt of $6,998,951 during August and a surplus for the same month of $6,828,133 over all expenses, the Government is over $12,000,000 better off than it was at the end of July.

The receipts for the month were $49,852,677, and the expenditures $43,024,133. The surplus for the same month last year was but $5,492,000. The public debt less cash in the Treasury amounted to $923,924,357.

The monthly circulation statement shows that at the close of business on August 31 the total circulation of national bank notes was $418,587,070, an increase for the year of $57,305,284, and an increase for the month of $1,241,488.

Aguinaldo Gives Advice.

Emilio Aguipaldo has issued a circular letter to the Filipinos urging them to abandon gambling and cock fighting and to attend the public schools and seek for work.

RELIANCE KEEPS CUP HERE

Defeats Shamrock III. Badly in the Final Race.

CHALLENGER DID NOT FINISH

Sir Thomas Thanks Americans For Their Generosity to Him in His Defeat—The American Boat Was the Better, He Says—Iselin Proud of the Result—Lipton to Sell His Yachts.

New York City.—The third and deciding race for the America's Cup was won by Reliance by a margin of about two and a half miles. The course was fifteen miles to windward and return.

Rarely if ever has there been a more spectacular finish than the Reliance's at the deciding race. After racing for more than an hour at terrific speed through a blinding fog the Reliance burst through the wall of mist upon the vision of the spectators on the fleet assembled at the finish line, and, heeling under a great bellying balloon jib topsail until her lee rail was awash, fled across the finish line almost before the spectators could determine for a certainty that it was she.

Once more the Yankee boat had added to the long string of victories in contests for the honored old silver trophy that carried with it the blue ribbon of the sea.

Shamrock III., after running for more than an hour in the fog, missed the finish line, passed by it and then returned to it from the opposite direction. The Reliance was then being towed to the Hook, yacht ensigns fluttering from her truck and spreaders in celebration of her victory. Shamrock III. did not cross the finish line. As often said of the historic race when the America won the cup, "There was no second."

A fleet of less than thirty vessels went down to the familiar waters of the international course to witness this fifth effort of the Reliance to cover the course of thirty miles within the time limit. It had become a race of the American boat against time, instead of a contest of two well-matched craft.

The series of races proved most disappointing, because the Reliance was entirely too fast for the challenger. Both yachts have been handled skillfully, and there is no room to lay the blame for defeat on Shamrock's crew or skipper. It was the boat and not the crew that decided the race. Barr probably has no superior in the fine art of handling a racing yacht, but in many ways Wringe is his equal. Had the crews been changed about and Barr and his men placed on the Shamrock and Wringe on the Reliance, the latter must surely have won just the same, providing the British crew had been given time to become thoroughly acquainted with the boat. It is sails that make racing sloops go, and that additional 2000 square feet of sail on Reliance, coupled with her model, which gives her the ability to outpoint Shamrock, makes her superior on every point of sailing. Before the wind the Yankee simply ran away from the Briton, while in a thrash to windward she pointed so much higher that she soon went to the front, even though Shamrock often footed the faster. The only sort of weather in which the relative merits of the two boats has not been thoroughly tested is in a twenty-knot breeze. Yachtsmen regret that Shamrock did not have this chance, that the seaworthiness of the two boats might have been better known.

When the Erin had discharged her passengers and the re-echo of their cheers had died away, Sir Thomas Lipton said:

"Two weeks ago I was hopeful; last week I knew I was doomed to defeat and was disappointed, but to-day I am almost glad in my own defeat, this America has been such a thoroughly generous victor. I want again to thank the American people for their generosity to me in my defeat."

Asked what his plans were, Sir Thomas said: "My crew is to return to England on Tuesday next and I really ought to go back by that time myself. I will post out my engagements in a day or two and then determine just what I shall do. I shall attend a dinner in New York to-morrow night and have half promised to be Mr. Woodruff's guest in Brooklyn and to go to the New York State Fair, but that is not absolutely certain. It is possible I may have to start for home next week."

Asked what he would do with the three Shamrocks, he said:

"I am to meet some people to-morrow who desire to buy at least one of the boats. After I have seen them I will determine what to do."

Regarding the defeat of Shamrock III. he simply said:

"I don't care to discuss it any more. The American boat was the better, that is all."

Designer Fife refused to talk.

Captain Wringe, while agreeable, still would not talk any further than to say: "We did the best we could, but the other boat was best."

Captain Barr, of the Reliance, said after the race: "Reliance is a beautiful boat; had all kinds of weather and won in it. Our adversaries did the best they could with the material at their command."

J. P. Morgan's yacht, the Corsair, stopped in at the Hook and took Oliver C. Iselin aboard. Mr. Iselin was all smiles as he replied to an inquiry as to the result.

"Of course, I am proud of the result—a splendid boat, a splendid crew and captain, and all helped the result. Sir Thomas made a brave fight and deserved better luck, but every American should be glad the cup is to stay here."

The real heroines of every day are in our homes. Frequently, however, it is a mistaken and useless heroism.

Women seem to listen to every call of duty except the supreme one that tells them to guard their health. How much harder the daily tasks become when some derangement of the female organs makes every movement painful and keeps the nervous system unstrung? Irritability takes the place of happiness and amiability; and weakness and suffering takes the place of health and strength. As long as they can drag themselves around, women continue to work and perform their household duties. They have been led to believe that suffering is necessary because they are women. What a mistake!

The use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** will banish pain and restore happiness. Don't resort to strong stimulants or narcotics when this great strengthening, healing remedy for women is always within reach.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN.

If there is anything in your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. No man will see your letter. She can surely help you, for no person in America has such a wide experience in treating female ills as she has had. She has helped hundreds of thousands of women back to health. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice is free. You are very foolish if you do not accept her kind invitation.

For proof read the symptoms, suffering and cure recited in the following letters:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express to you the great benefit I have derived from your advice and the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** My trouble was female weakness in its worst form and I was in a very bad condition. I could not perform my household duties, my back ached, I was extremely nervous, and I could not eat or sleep, and the bearing-down pains were terrible. My husband spent hundreds of dollars to get me well, and all the medicine that the doctors prescribed failed to do me any good; I resorted to an operation which the physician said was necessary to restore me to health, but I suffered more after it than I did before; I had hemorrhages of the womb that nothing could seem to stop.

"I noticed one of your advertisements and wrote you for advice, I received your reply and carefully followed all instructions. I immediately began to get stronger, and in two weeks was about the house. I took eight bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and continued following your advice, and to-day I am a well woman. Your remedies and help are a Godsend to suffering women, and I cannot find words to thank you for what you have done for me."—MRS. LOTTIE V. NAYLOR, 1328 N. J. Ave., N.W., Washington, D. C.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you what **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done for me.

"I was suffering with falling of the womb and could hardly drag about, but after taking five bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** I was completely cured. I am now a well woman and able to do all my work.

"I think your medicine one of the best remedies in the world."—MRS. J. M. LEE, 141 Lyndal St., Newcastle, Pa.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done a great deal for me. I suffered so much from falling of the womb and all the troubles connected with it. I doctored for years with doctors and other remedies but received only temporary relief.

"I began taking your medicine, and had not taken it long before I was feeling better. My husband said that I should keep right on taking it as long as it gave me relief from my suffering, as I could not expect to be cured by one or two bottles. I did so and am now able to be on my feet and work hard all day, and go to bed and rest at night. Thanks to your Vegetable Compound I am certainly grateful for the relief it gave me. It is the mother's great friend. I would not be without it in my house, for when I feel tired or out of sorts I take a few doses and feel all right.

"I would recommend your medicine to all tired mothers, and especially to those suffering as I was."—MRS. R. F. CHAMBERS, Bennet, Neb.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Sometimes a man's shady character keeps him in hot water.

What a pity it is that popular theories are not always practical.

Some men would die young if they were compelled to work for a living.

Train up a hired girl in the way she should go and it won't be long until she's gone.

Lots of men have so much genius that they are unable to do anything but sit in the shade and think about it.

If a man's wife doesn't think him at least three times smarter than he really is, then he married the wrong woman.

A married woman is disappointed when she starts away for a two weeks' visit unless her husband looks heartbroken.

It costs at least ten times as much to live according to the requirements of fashion as it does to live according to the demands of nature.—Chicago News.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The largest glass bottle ever blown has recently been made for exhibition at the St. Louis Exposition. It hold forty-five gallons, and required forty pounds of molten glass, drawn from the furnace and shaped on the end of a huge blowing pipe.

Thoroughly Married.

James Brazil and Mrs. Aggie Turner, of Cashion, Okla., have created a record by being married three times in one day. They first sought the probate judge at Kingfisher, Okla., and as there was a contest over the office they got both candidates to marry them. Not feeling satisfied as to the legality of the ceremony, they returned to Cashion and were married again by a minister.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Don't kick about the quality of what you get for nothing. N. Y.—37

$1.00 Big 500-Pound Steel Range Offer.

If you can use the best big 500-pound steel range made in the world, and are willing to have it placed in your own home on three months' free trial, just cut this notice out and send it to SEARS, ROEBUCK & Co., Chicago, and you will receive free by return mail a big picture of the steel range and many other cooking and heating stoves; you will also receive the most wonderful $1.00 steel range offer, an offer that places the best steel range or heating stove in the home of any family; such an offer that no family in the land, no matter what their circumstances may be, or how small their income, need be without the best cooking or heating stove made.

The average political candidate does not care so much for the nation as he does for the nomination.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

It's where the bore is concerned that absence makes the heart grow fonder.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

It is better to run the risk of wasting your sympathy than to hoard it.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color Silk, Wool and Cotton at one boiling.

When it comes to stirrings things up the cook is generally all there.

Small Chameleons.

Four "dwarf chameleons" have just been presented to the Zoo, where they will be popular on account of the ease with which they can be kept, and their bright colors. Green with a black-red patch upon the sides is the general pattern of their hues, which is only varied to duller tints when the animal is vexed in any way. This smallest among the tribe, called by Mr. Grant Allen the "Reptilian Vicar of Bray," is only five inches long, including its relatively long and prehensile tail. The little creature has a grim look when seen full face, by reason of the serrated fold under the throat, which suggests a fiercely untrimmed "Newgate fringe." There are very many kinds of chameleons; but all of them, like the present species, have an inordinate desire for mealworms, a slow and meditative gait, and eyes which move languidly up and down in a manner reminiscent of "ducks that die in tempests."—Westminster Gazette.

Europe's Largest Street Railway.

The largest individual street railway company in Europe is the Great Electric Traction Company of the city of Berlin. The capital of the concern is 75,000,000 marks. Last year the distance covered by the company's cars was a little over 30,000,000 miles, and the number of passengers carried amounted to 230,000,000. Besides this company there are several smaller street car companies, 325 omnibuses, 8100 cabs and carriages, an electric elevated railway, and the city railroad. —New York Commercial Advertiser.

Traveling in Thibet.

Two Englishmen have been massacred for endeavoring to cross the Thibetan frontier. They applied first for permission to explore Sikkiom, and were refused by the political agents. They appealed to the Lieutenant-Governor and were snubbed. Then they applied to the Viceroy, and, on being refused, they took the matter into their own hands and crossed the frontier. On the following day they were murdered by natives.

Teachers Get a Year Off.

Successful teachers of Chicago schools who wish to continue their studies in colleges, universities, etc., now may be granted leave of absence for the period of one year, under the authority of the superintendent of the schools.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

A good bit of bravery is exhibited after the danger is past.

Mother

"My mother was troubled with consumption for many years. At last she was given up to die. Then she tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was speedily cured."
D. P. Jolly, Avoca, N. Y.

No matter how hard your cough or how long you have had it, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best thing you can take.

It's too risky to wait until you have consumption. If you are coughing today, get a bottle of Cherry Pectoral at once.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

NEW AND POPULAR ROUTE
TO
YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK
VIA THE
UNION PACIFIC
TO MONIDA, THENCE BY SPLENDID CONCORD COACHES TO ALL POINTS IN THE PARK. VERY LOW RATES DURING JULY, AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER.
SPECIAL SIDE TRIP from Ogden, Utah, or Pocatello, Idaho, $49.50, available to holders of tickets to points in California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and Western British Columbia. This includes rail and stage fare covering seven days' trip; also all meals and lodging beyond Monida. Last stage September 14.
For full information address
R. TEN BROECK, G. E. Agt., Union Pacific Railroad, 287 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Dizzy?
Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? Head ache? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills, all vegetable. Sold for sixty years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

I PAY SPOT CASH FOR MILITARY BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS
issued to soldiers of any war. Write me at once. FRANK H. REGER, Barth Block, Denver, Colo.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

SHAW'S CURRENCY PLAN

Outlines Method by Which Elasticity Can Be Secured.

FAVORS AUTOMATIC DOLLAR

The Secretary of the Treasury Wants One That Will Retire When Not Actually Needed—In a Speech on "The Business Outlook" Says He Would Give the National Banks More Scope.

Chicago.—At the Auditorium, before several hundred business men of Chicago and other cities, Secretary of Treasury Shaw spoke on "The Business Outlook." The meeting was under the auspices of the National Association of Merchants and Travelers Secretary Shaw spoke in part as follows:

"As nearly as can be estimated, the annual productive capacity of the American people is $11,000,000,000. This does not include duplications. This does not include raw cotton and manufactured cotton; but raw cotton and the value added thereto in the process of manufacture.

"Of this we export $1,500,000,000, and import $1,000,000,000 of other merchandise, mainly non-competitive with our own products. We therefore consume the equivalent of ninety-five per cent. of all we produce. Not while these conditions continue will prosperity cease.

"We are the most prosperous people in the world, because we both produce and consume more than others. The little that we sell abroad, about ten per cent of our net production, and the little we purchase abroad, six or seven per cent. of our net consumption, constitute no challenge to the statement that our prosperity rests with ourselves.

"Unless our factories and workshops voluntarily close, or labor voluntarily refuses employment, or commerce voluntarily ceases its activity, there is no occasion for alarm.

"It is true that a very respectable number of very good people, and in that number I desire to be classed, believe our financial system, good as it is, might be improved by adding an element of elasticity. I do not think there exists any great number who believe we should have any inflation.

"Eight years ago we had $21 per capita. Now we have certainly more than $29, and probably nearly $30 per capita. Conservative business men and conservative bankers do not generally consider this an insufficient normal minimum volume of currency. I repeat, the only criticism now offered relates to the want of elasticity.

"There is now no statutory prohibition against the well-nigh inherent right of banks to issue circulating notes. This right exists throughout the United States, but subject to a tax of ten per cent. per annum. This tax is prohibitory.

"If I were given authority to formulate a measure that would provide the requisite elasticity to our present currency system I think I should add an amendment permitting national banks, with the consent of the Controller of the Currency, to issue a volume of circulating notes equal to fifty per cent. of their bond secured circulation, at a tax of five per cent., the same to be retired at will or by the direction of the Controller, by the deposit of an equal amount of lawful money with any Sub-Treasury.

"Three things I know. First, this additional circulation would spring into existence almost instantly whenever and wherever interest rates advanced to the point of profit. Second, it would as promptly retire whenever interest rates became normal. Third, it would be absolutely safe—as good as the present national bank issue and with a slight and immaterial change identical in form and appearance—for the Government, amply protected by the five per cent. tax, would underwrite it. But you say this is emergency currency. Anything more is inflation."

$560,000 IN SECURITIES GONE.

Baltimore Society Man Who Managed His Father's Estate Also Missing.

Baltimore, Md.—William T. Tucker, or Willy Tucker, as he is known familiarly in society, is missing. It has also been discovered that $560,000 of his father's estate has disappeared. Tucker, it is said, is now in Central America.

With his mother, W. T. Tucker was trustee of the estate of his father, the late Wesley A. Tucker. His mother was abroad with one of her daughters when other members of the family made discoveries which resulted in a hasty cable message to Mrs. Tucker to return. The arrival of Mrs. Tucker in Baltimore was followed by an investigation of the contents of the safe deposit box in which the securities of W. A. Tucker's estate and also securities belonging to Mrs. Tucker were kept. Then the revelation came that there was a defalcation amounting to $560,000, and that, of all the property given over to the care of William T. Tucker there was only $93,000 left. It appears that Mrs. Tucker had absolute faith in her son and refused to credit stories that reflected upon his conduct.

W. T. Tucker is said to have been speculating heavily in stocks and was a high roller generally. The absconder is about thirty-five years old.

Bomb Wrecks French Grocer's Shop.

A grocer's shop at Le Mans, France, was wrecked by the explosion of a dynamite bomb.

KILLED FRIEND'S WIFE

Former Mayor's Son, Forger and Thief, a Suicide Also.

Terrible Tragedy Enacted in the Presence of His Own Wife—Slain Woman Had Refused to Elope.

New York City.—Spurned by a woman who was his wife's dearest friend, and with whom he was infatuated, and threatened with exposure for the alleged embezzling of church funds, Henry Townsend Edson, son of former Mayor Franklin Edson and brother of Dr. Cyrus Edson, the distinguished physician, shot and killed Mrs. Fannie Pullen and then blew his brains out in his apartment on West Ninety-second street.

Edson's wife and his brother, Dr. David D. Edson, were in the room when he pleaded with Mrs. Pullen to elope with him. Mrs. Pullen, weeping hysterically, made a scornful refusal. Instantly Edson whipped a pistol from his pocket and fired. The weapon was so close to the woman's face that the powder scorched her cheek. He fired a second time as she fell. Dr. Edson leaped toward his brother to strike up the weapon, but the murderer placed the barrel of the pistol in his mouth and fired twice, the first bullet shattering his teeth and the second entering the brain.

In addition to the disclosures made by Edson a few moments before the tragedy, confirmation of his motives was found a short time later in letters addressed to Mrs. Pullen in endearing terms.

Edson was controller of St. Michael's Episcopal Parish Church, at Amsterdam avenue and West Ninety-ninth street, of which the Rev. Dr. John C. Peters is pastor. Edson was also chairman of the Board of Trustees and one of the most active workers in the church, of which Mrs. Pullen was also a member. Letters were found which showed that Edson had been ruined in Wall Street. Exposure and disgrace faced him, and he had appealed to his father, the former Mayor of New York City, to come to his apartment and aid him.

Traston Pullen, sixteen-year-old son of the murdered woman, was told of her death, and hurried to his home from the Columbia Grammar School. He answered a ring at the door bell, and immediately asked: "Is Mr. Edson dead? I am not sure about it, and if he is not, I'll kill him. I have a revolver here."

The boy drew a pistol from his pocket and he appeared determined to start on a hunt for his mother's slayer until assured that Edson was dead.

The Pullens live on West End avenue. John Pullen is chief clerk of the New York Central Railroad. His wife was a schoolmate and an intimate friend of Mrs. Edson. Edson told his wife several days before of his infatuation for Mrs. Pullen. Mrs. Edson did not believe all the disclosures in her husband's confession.

Coroner Jackson took possession of several letters in the apartment, which he said, showed not only that Edson was infatuated with Mrs. Pullen, but also that he was financially ruined.

Edson was found to have been a forger as well as an embezzler from St. Michael's Protestant Episcopal Church, of which he was parish clerk. The Corn Exchange Bank was a loser by his forgeries, it was learned. It was also said that Edson's indebtedness to St. Michael's Parish is known to be more than $5000.

There is nothing whatever in the evidence gathered since the shooting to show anything except that Edson was a madman. All of the persons intimately acquainted with the Edson and Pullen families unite in declaring that the murderer's passion for Mrs. Pullen, which he expressed a moment before the shooting, was a surprise to Mrs. Pullen as well as to Mrs. Edson. It is feared that as a result of the tragedy Mrs. Edson may permanently lose her reason.

REDCOATS GREET YANKEE TROOPS

Fusiliers and Guardsmen Mingle on Canadian Soil.

Amherstburg, Ont.—A unique international tinge was given to the camp of the Windsor Battalion of the Twenty-first Essex Fusiliers here by a visit from the Detroit division of the Michigan Naval Reserve and Company C of the First Regiment, Michigan National Guard.

The Canadian militiamen invited the Yankee soldiers over to spend the day, and on their arrival at Amherstburg they were welcomed by the redcoats standing at attention at the dock while their band played the "Star-Spangled Banner." The troops then paraded together to the camp grounds.

Negro Lived 117 Years.

"Old Uncle Andy" Montgomery, 117 years old, the only negro ever owned by the State of Georgia, died in Atlanta, Ga. He is said to have been born in South Carolina in 1786. There are many evidences to establish his great age. He had ventured frequently in the North and East. His oldest son, eighty years of age, and his youngest, seventy-six years of age, were with him when he died.

Cost of Navy Yard Improvements.

Estimates for improvements and expenditures at the navy yards named have been submitted to the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks at Washington: Boston, $1,080,000; Portsmouth, N. H., $3,560,000; Norfolk, Va., $2,518,000; Washington, D. C., $2,316,197; League Island, Pa., $3,794,347; San Juan, P. R., $2,617,180; Mare Island, Cal., $1,039,300.

GRATEFUL, HAPPY WOMEN

Miss Muriel Armitage.

Thank Pe-ru-na for Their Recovery After Years of Suffering.

Miss Muriel Armitage, 36 Greenwood Ave., Detroit, Mich., District Organizer of the Royal Templars of Temperance, in a recent letter, says:

"I think that a woman naturally shrinks from making her troubles public, but restored health has meant so much to me that I feel for the sake of other suffering women it is my duty to tell what Peruna has done for me.

"I suffered for five years with uterine irregularities, which brought on hysteria and made me a physical wreck. I tried doctors from the different schools of medicine, but without any perceptible change in my condition. In my despair I called on an old nurse, who advised me to try Peruna, and promised good results if I would persist and take it regularly. I thought this was the least I could do, and procured a bottle. I knew as soon as I began taking it that it was affecting me differently from anything I had used before, and so I kept on taking it. I kept this up for six months, and steadily gained strength and health, and when I had used fifteen bottles I considered myself entirely cured. I am a grateful, happy woman to-day."—Miss Muriel Armitage.

Peruna cures catarrh of the pelvic organs with the same surety as it cures catarrh of the head. Peruna has become renowned as a positive cure for female ailments, simply because the ailments are mostly due to catarrh. Catarrh is the cause of the trouble. Peruna cures the catarrh. The symptoms disappear.

Female Weakness is Pelvic Catarrh.

Always Half Sick Are the Women Who Have Pelvic Catarrh.

Catarrh of any organ, if allowed to progress, will affect the whole body. Catarrh without nervousness is very rare, but pelvic catarrh and nervousness go hand in hand.

What is so distressing a sight as a poor, half-sick, nervous woman, suffering from the many almost unbearable symptoms of pelvic catarrh? She does not consider herself ill enough to go to bed, but she is far from being able to do her work without the greatest exhaustion. This is a very common sight, and is almost always due to pelvic catarrh.

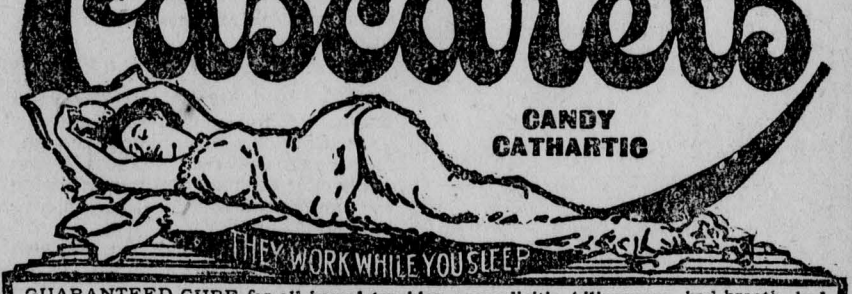
It is worse than foolish for so many women to suffer year after year with a disease that can be permanently cured.

Peruna cures catarrh permanently. It cures old chronic cases as well as a slight attack, the only difference being in the length of time that it should be taken to effect a cure.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

WHEN PAIN AND ANGUISH WRING THE BROW, A MINISTERING ANGEL THOU:
BROMO-SELTZER
10¢
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE
You can save from $3 to $5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 or $3 shoes.

They equal those that have been costing you from $4.00 to $5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.

Sold by retail shoe dealers everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom.

That Douglas uses Corona Colt proves there is value in Douglas shoes. Corona is the highest grade Pat. Leather made. *Fast Color Eyelets used. Our $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.*

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

RIPANS TABULES

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

Prevents Bilious Attacks
by keeping the stomach clean and liver active.
50c. and $1.00
At Druggists or by mail from
THE TARRANT CO. (Bus. Est. 1834) New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 cts

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

THREE SPRINGS.

Quite a number from this place were in attendance at the county fair last week.

Miss Pauline Kirk, of Hustontown, is spending this week with her aunt, Mrs. Allen Cutshall.

Rev. and Mrs. Elisha Shumaker, of Hustontown, Sundayed with Rev. and Mrs. G. A. Singer.

Andrew McNeal, of Altoona, is visiting his sisters Mrs. John Cohick and Miss McNeal at present.

Emory Edwards, who holds a lucrative position at Pitcairn, is calling on his many friends in this place.

Mrs. Alva Kapp and daughters, Sybil, Alice and Dorcas, of Windber, Pa., are guests of James Mansberger.

Miss Maude Cromwell, of Philadelphia, is visiting at her parental home in this place. We are glad to see her.

Mrs. Allen Cutshall and Miss Maude Heck, who have been ill for some time, are still confined to their rooms.

Mrs. Bruce Wagner and two children, of Shirleysburg, have been visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. S. Heeter.

Karl Keffer, wife and son Fred, who have been spending the summer in this place, returned to their home in Charleroi last week.

Bert Johns and family, of Lewistown, and Russel Smyers and family, of Mount Union, were guests of Henry Weight and family over Sunday.

Mrs. Lizzie Stevens and Miss Myrtle Shoe were summoned to Shirleysburg on Monday on account of the serious illness of their sister, Mrs. Harry Myers.

The erection of a lock-up in this place has been a wise step providing it be used. The officers, who placed the first man in on Saturday night, were surprised on Sunday morning to find "their bird had flown."

Mrs. Jane A. Booth, son and daughter, Guy and Ella, of Selea, Mrs. Rebecca Hammond, of Pogue, and Mrs. Elmira Roher, of Hopewell, were entertained at the home of C. E. Starr and family the past week.

Messrs. Newton and William Cutshall, of Pittsburg, Blain Bergstresser, of Waterfall, and George Alloway, of New Grenada, and Miss Laura Cutshall, of Waterfall, who have been attending camp, returned to their homes this week.

Harper Singer, who has been spending his summer vacation with his parents in this place, departed last Thursday for Lock Haven where he will resume his studies. Mr. Singer while here won many friends who join in wishing him success.

The campmeeting, which has been in progress in Ashman's Grove near this place, since August 26th, closed on Sunday evening last. An immense crowd was the result of fine weather each night and especially on Sunday. We hope much good has been done.

SALTILLO.

Frank Long will handle Broad Top coal this winter.

R. W. Hudson is visiting in Trough Creek valley at present.

Miss Hattie Crum, of Mount Union, is visiting Hunter Brown's.

Elbe Green and wife, of Pittsburg, are visiting at Samuel Grove's.

Edward Dougherty, of Washington, Indiana, was in town Monday.

Miss Agnes Smyers visited in our town last week, while attending camp.

Joe Brown and wife, of Duquesne, are spending their vacation in town.

Miss Nora Greene, of Lewistown, has been visiting in Saltillo for almost a week.

Isaac Jamison and William Fleming, of Bellwood, were visitors in town Sunday.

Frank Moore, wife and child, of Mt. Union, were at the Iron Springs Sunday.

Harry Fleming, who has had typhoid fever for several weeks, is some better at this writing.

The two-year-old son of Burdine Long died Sunday and was buried in the Saltillo cemetery Monday.

Walter and Edward Hildebrand was home over Sunday but have returned to their work at Mt. Union.

Prof. Bagshaw has moved his household goods from Huntingdon and is now living in part of Paul Rupert's house.

The colored man, who was discharged from the show here and who had been working at the tannery, left last Saturday.

We are glad to note that Mrs. C. K. Jamison, who has been quite sick for some time, is improved some at present.

S. W. Kimmel has just finished giving his house a coat of paint and some other repairs which makes a home look more pleasant.

A game of baseball was played here Saturday between our local team and Broad Top City. Saltillo won with a score 7 to 4.

M. S. Greenland has opened a new furniture store in Shope's brick store room and has plenty of nice furniture, carpets and tinware on hand.

The Baptist church, at this place, is now being repaired by being papered and painted inside. They are digging out the basement and a large heater is to be put in soon.

Ashman's Grove campmeeting was certainly well attended Sunday. Good preaching, nice weather, large attendance and not much disturbance by drunkenness made it a day of pleasure.

Two of our schools opened on Monday with fairly good attendance. Prof. Bagshaw, of Huntingdon, as principal and Miss Hatt, of Orbisonia, is teaching the primary school. Mr. Kirkpatrick, of Shirley, will open No. 2 soon.

Thomas Grove, who has been telegraph operator here for several years, has secured a position on the N. C. R. R. at Catawissa, Pa., and left on Monday to accept his new work. We are sorry to lose Tom but hope he has a better position. Ross Connor, of Rockhill, is our agent at present.

TROUGH CREEK.

We had the heavy rain of the season this (Tuesday) morning.

Uncle Richard Chilcott, the oldest man in this section being in his 83d year, is afflicted with neuralgia of the heart.

Dr. Hamilton, assisted by Drs. Adler and Smith, recently removed a cancer from Mrs. Wm. Hazzard and the lady is getting along nicely.

Glasgow & Wright are moving their mill to W. L. Wright,s to finish cutting his lumber which will likely take them until winter sets in.

J. F. Swope, one of our best and wide awake citizens, is suffering with a very sore hand which started from a small pimple on his little finger.

While we only work our cider press as a rule on Wednesdays, on account of the unfavorable weather for farmers, to accommodate we worked it part of four days last week and may have to do the same this week.

On last Saturday I had the long wished for pleasure of crossing the bridge at the mouth of the Raystown branch, the approaches being completed enough for light rigs to get over. There is, however, a tree over the road on the north side of the mountain that won't admit a covered hack to pass under it.

Our better half had the pleasure of entertaining and serving with a lunch recently Mr. Speer, of Denver, Colorado, and his cousin of the firm of Wm. Reed & Sons, of Huntingdon. Mr. Speer was on the hunt of some relics of his grandfather who was one of the early merchants of Cassville. On their return next day they informed the writer that they had lodged over night in the old Speer mansion now kept as a public house by Mr. Baker.

Amos L. Smith died Sunday morning after an illness of less than two days. In the death of Bro. Smith Trough Creek has lost one of its oldest and most intelligent citizens, he being above the average in point of intelligence. In this respect especially it was a pleasure to be in his company, a pleasure often enjoyed by the writer. Bro. Smith was a careful man in his dealings but honest to the penny as we have often heard attested by many and we can heartily endorse. He was a man of generous impulses and paid liberally to the support of different denominations. He was converted early in life.

TODD.

J. A. Crownover, wife and daughter went to Huntingdon on Saturday on business.

Chalmer Broad, of Homestead, was calling on his many friends in our valley last week.

Samuel T. Taylor has returned home from Pittsburg where he had been employed for some time. He is going to teach the Barnettstown school in Carbon township.

J. A. Cook and wife and Solomon Stapleton and sister, Harriet, and Viola Curfman went to Saxton to attend a picnic held by the different orders of that place on September 7th, it being labor day.

Our schools will open September 14th with the following teachers: Beavertown, Herbert Evans; Pheasant Grove, Miss May Keith; Chestnut Grove, John Horton; Green, Madison Taylor; Newberg, Ross Camel; Spring Valley, Oscar Stone; Paradise, Miss Mary Heeter; Cole's Valley, Miss Della Chilcote; Cook's Mills, Charles Cutshall.

J. A. Horton and Henry Stuller had a very lucky run-off one day last week. When coming down Broad Top mountain with the team Horton went to draw the brake and it gave away, pitching him over the bank. Stuller grabbed for the brake but it was no good. The team ran for quite a distance when one of the horses fell, receiving some cuts and bruises. The store goods that they had on were scattered along the road, some were broken but fortunately no one was seriously hurt.

LATTA GROVE.

W. G. Taylor made cider on Tuesday.

Geo. D. Lynn is attending court this week.

Wagner's both stave mills are undergoing repairs.

This section was visited by a heavy rain Tuesday morning.

Geo. W. Taylor has been housed for some time suffering from a sore leg.

Elmer Bowman, accompanied by Mr. Crownover and son, caught a large 'coon last week.

Miss Verna, youngest daughter of John G. White, of Lewistown, is visiting the family of Isaac Dell.

D. H. Dell opened the Latta Grove school on Monday with an enrollment of twenty-four scholars.

We were glad to take A. B. Apgar, of Philipsburg, by the hand last week. Mr. Apgar is failing but he looks well.

O. M. Stever found on his farm a land turtle bearing the inscription, "P. D., 1870." The little fellow has been traveling for 33 years and has not gone over five miles from the place he started.

Fearful Odds against Him.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, O. For years he was troubled with Kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by B. O'Connor & Sons.

TOUR TO THE PACIFIC COAST

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Meeting National Bankers' Association.

On account of the meeting of the National Bankers' Association, to be held at San Francisco, Cal., October 20 to 23, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company offers a personally-conducted tour to the Pacific Coast at remarkably low rates.

This tour will leave New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and other points on the Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburg, Wednesday, October 14, by special train of the highest grade Pullman equipment. A quick run westward to San Francisco will be made, via Chicago, Omaha, Cheyenne, and Ogden.

Five days will be devoted to San Francisco, allowing ample opportunity to visit the near-by coast resorts. Returning, stops will be made at Salt Lake City, Colorado Springs, Denver, and St. Louis. The party will reach New York on the evening of October 31.

Round-trip rate, covering all expenses for eighteen days, except five days spent in San Francisco, $190.

Rates from Pittsburg will be $5.00 less.

For full information apply to Ticket Agents, or Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa. 9-9-3t

His Life Saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"B. L. Byer, a well-known cooper of this town, says he believes Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy saved his life last summer. He had been sick a month with what the doctors call bilious dysentery, and could get nothing to do him any good until he tried this remedy. It gave him immediate relief," says B. T. Little, merchant, Hancock, Md. For sale by J. G. Gillam; James O. Heaton, Cassville.

REDUCED RATES TO BALTIMORE

Via Pennsylvania Railroad Account Meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the annual session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. at Baltimore, Md., September 21 to 26, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Baltimore from all stations on its lines, except Woodberry, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations on the Northern Central Railway; Lancaster, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations, and stations on the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad (exclusive of stations south of Townsend, Del.,) on September 19, 20 and 21, good for return passage until September 28, inclusive, at rate of *single fare for the round trip, plus one dollar.*

For conditions, and stop-over at Philadelphia on tickets reading through that point, consult ticket agent. 9-2-2t

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at B. O'Connor & Sons.

A Remarkable Record.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a remarkable record. It has been in use for over thirty years, during which time many million bottles have been sold and used. It has long been the standard and main reliance in the treatment of croup in thousands of homes, yet during all this time no case has ever been reported to the manufacturers in which it failed to effect a cure. When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even as soon as the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack. It is pleasant to take, many children like it. It contains no opium or other harmful substances and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by J. G. Gillam; James O. Heaton, Cassville.

A Boy's Wild Ride for Life.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, 18 miles, to get Dr. Kings's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Cold and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. O'Connor & Sons' store.

Our Great Guarantee: Satisfaction or Money Back.

Let Us Make You a Fall Suit.

We're taking orders now for Fall Suits—showing a full line of samples of domestic and imported woolens and worsteds in the latest patterns.

Come and see them.

We promise satisfaction in cut and fit and wear; we'll give you the best tailoring and we won't charge you the regular price for high class work.

SUITS TO ORDER, $15 to $45.

If the best in ready-to-wear suits is your choice, then High Art Insured Clothes will please you—made so well and fashioned to fit so perfectly that the makers agree to give you a new suit if yours doesn't satisfy in every way. Suits from $7.50 to $20. Fall styles are ready.

Knox hats for the men who want to be right an the style question—$5. Stetson hats for durability and all-round satisfaction, $3.50.

J. G. Isenberg & Son,

Always Reliable.

Huntingdon, Pa.

G. W. Wright. L. M. Dell.

Wright & Dell.

While we do not change our advertisement nor quote prices each week, yet we are changing goods with the seasons, always keeping in line both in goods and prices as our constantly increasing trade will attest.

Our customers find that they can get what they want right here, and they find that our goods are right and our prices are right.

We thank you for your patronage and solicit a continuance of the same.

Very respectfully,

WRIGHT & DELL,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

August 10, 1903.

May, 1884. **B. O'Connor & Sons.** July, 1903.

Always First to Reduce Prices.

A Sweep In Shoes.

We find we have many shoes of only one or two pairs of a kind. These shoes we have placed on our counters at one-half price.

50c for $1.00 shoes — 75c for $1.50 shoes
63c for $1.25 shoes — $1.00 for $2.00 shoes

Men's shoes in numbers 8, 9, 10 only. Ladies' shoes in numbers 2½, 3, 3½ only. Misses' shoes in numbers 11 to 2.

CUT PRICES IN OUR REGULAR STOCK.

Don't miss this sale. It is money in your pocket.

Sugar, 4½c, 5c and 5½c per pound.
Two-Ply Tar Roofing, 75c per roll.

Another lot Lawn Swings, Benches, Porch Chairs and Hammocks.

Corn, Oats and Barley Feed, $1.40; Pure Corn Chop, $1.40; Buckeye Wheat Feed, $1.35; Quaker Dairy Feed, $1.25; Victor Corn and Oats Chop, $1.25. Remember, others charge you more money for 95 lbs.; our sacks guaranteed to weigh 100 pounds.

$5. Will buy 40 yds. seamless matting. Better ones at $6, $7, $8, $10.

$1. Will buy best Screen Doors complete—hinges, pull, etc.

$5. Will buy 20 yards good carpet,

$3.75 Per M for No. 1, 18 inch Hemlock shingles.

Seven Houses and Lots for Sale,
PRICES $350 TO $1500 EACH.

Also a number of good lots on Upper and Lower Main street, Railroad street and Bridge street.

Any one can buy or build a home nearly as cheap as renting and moving every year.

B. O'Connor & Sons.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Aug. 4, 1903.

ADVERTISE IN THE ITEM.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Sept. 9, 1903.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 24, 1903.

	D'ly. P.M.	D'ly. Night	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly P.M.
New York:						
W. 23d St. Sta.	7 55	12 10	. . .	. . .	8 55	5 55
Desb's St. Sta.	8 00	12 15	. . .	. . .	9 00	6 00
Cort'dtSt. Sta.	8 00	12 15	. . .	. . .	9 00	6 00
Philadelphia	11 20	4 25	7 10	8 40	11 40	8 25
Washington.	10 40	. . .	. . .	7 50	10 50	7 15
Baltimore	11 55	4 44	. . .	8 52	12 00	8 30

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Harrisburg	2 50	8 00	11 48	11 45	3 10	5 00	11 00
Rockville	. .	8 12	11 59	.	. .	5 12	. .
Marysville.	f3 04	8 17	12 03	. .	. .	5 17	. .
Duncannon	f3 18	8 35	12 16	. .	3 35	5 34	. .
Newport	f3 40	9 05	12 37	. .	3 55	6 02	. .
Millerst'wn	. .	9 14	f12 45	. .	. .	6 12	. .
Thom's't'n	. .	9 25	f12 53	. .	. .	6 22	. .
Port Royal	f4 13	9 43	f 1 07	. .	f4 22	6 39	. .
Mifflin	4 18	9 48	1 11	. .	4 27	6 45	. .
Lewist'n Jc.	4 40	10 14	1 30	1 10	4 46	7 08	. .
McVeytown	f5 02	10 39	1 48	. .	N5 04	7 32	. .
N. Hamilt'n	f5 21	11 01	f 2 04	. .	. .	7 52	. .
Mt. Union	f5 27	11 07	2 08	. .	5 25	7 58	. .
Mapleton.	f5 33	11 13	f 2 14	. .	. .	8 05	. .
Huntingdon	5 50	11 32	2 29	2 01	5 44	8 23	. .
Petersburg.	f6 07	11 47	2 43	. .	. .	8 37	. .
Birm'gham.	f6 35	12 13	3 07	. .	G6 14	8 59	. .
Tyrone	6 42	12 20	3 12	2 40	6 19	9 05	. .
Bellwood	7 07	12 41	3 29	. .	6 37	9 22	. .
Altoona	7 30	1 00	3 45	3 10	6 55	9 40	2 20
Pittsburg	12 10	5 45	8 35	6 55	10 45	1 50	5 35
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.

"N" stops on signal to discharge passengers from Harrisburg and east and south of Harrisburg.

"G" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Additional trains leave Harrisburg for Altoona and Pittsburg as follows: 1.40 a. m., 12.55, 7.15, and 11.55 p. m. daily.

	Week days. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. P.M.	D'ly. P.M.	D'ly P.M.
Pittsburg	. . .	3 00	3 00	8 00	. .	12 45	4 50
Altoona	5 00	6 25	7 05	11 43	1 45	5 55	9 05
Bellwood	f5 12	. .	7 20	f11 55	1 59	6 10	9 19
Tyrone	5 24	6 47	7 37	12 06	2 16	6 27	9 33
Birm'gham	f5 28	. .	7 43	d12 10	2 22	6 32	h9 38
Petersburg.	f5 46	. .	8 07	. .	2 46	f6 56	. .
Huntingdon	5 57	7 17	8 20	12 37	3 00	7 10	10 12
Mapleton	f6 11	. .	8 36	. .	3 18	7 24	. .
Mt. Union	f6 17	. .	8 42	f12 56	3 25	7 29	f10 32
N. Hamilton	f6 22	. .	8 46	. .	3 32	7 34	. .
McVeytown.	6 40	. .	9 05	f1 16	3 53	f7 51	. .
Lewist'n Jc.	7 00	f8 05	9 27	1 35	4 18	8 10	11 16
Mifflin	7 22	. .	9 48	f1 52	4 42	8 30	f11 37
Port Royal	7 27	. .	9 52	. .	4 48	8 34	. .
Thom's't'n	7 42	. .	10 08	. .	5 07	f8 48	. .
Millerstown.	7 51	. .	10 18	. .	5 17	f8 57	. .
Newport	8 00	. .	10 28	. .	5 29	9 05	. .
Duncannon	8 27	. .	10 52	. .	5 57	f9 29	. .
Marysville	8 44	. .	11 07	. .	6 15	f9 43	. .
Rockville	8 48	. .	11 12	. .	6 22	f9 48	. .
Harrisburg	9 00	9 30	11 25	3 10	6 35	10 00	1 00

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M,	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
Baltimore	. . .	12 10	*3 11	6 00	9 45	2 20	. .
Washington	. .	1 15	*4 10	7 15	10 55	3 45	. .
Philadelphia	11 48	12 17	*3 17	6 23	10 20	. .	4 25
New York:							
Desb's St.	2 03	2 53	*5 53	9 30	3 53	. .	7 13
Cort'dt St	2 03	2 53	*5 53	9 30	3 53	. .	7 13
W. 23d St	2 15	3 00	*6 00	9 40	. .	. .	7 15
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.

Additional trains are run as under:

Leave Pittsburg 9.00 p. m. daily, Altoona 1.05 a. m., Huntingdon 1.58 a. m.; arrive Harrisburg 4.20 a. m., Philadelphia 7.17 a. m.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 a. m. daily, Altoona 11.08 a. m., Tyrone 11.32 a. m., Huntingdon 12.04 p. m., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40 p. m., Philadelphia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.08 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p. m., Washington 7.15 p. m.

*Week days only. "d" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops only on signal, or notice to agent or conductor, to receive or discharge passengers.

"N" stops only on signal or notice to conductor to discharge passengers from Harrisburg and points east and south of Harrisburg.

"m" coach section will stop on signal to discharge or receive passengers.

"h" stops to discharge passengers from East Liberty, Pittsburg and beyond.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction—For Sunbury 7.30 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. week days.

For McClure 6.10 p. m. week days.

For Milroy 7.40 a. m., 1.50 and 4.50 p. m. week days.

For Reedsville 7.40 a. m., 1.50, 4.50 and 5.25 p. m. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 a. m. and 5.55 p. m. week days. Bedford only 8.35 a. m. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield, Curwensville and Grampain, 8.20 a. m., 3.25 and 6.50 p. m. week days, and 8.20 a. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 a. m., 12.25 and 7.00 p. m. week days. 8.10 a. m. Sundays.

For Scotia 7.50 a. m. and 2.50 p. m. week days.

PENNSYLVANIA AND NORTHWESTERN R. R.

Trains leave Bellwood for Punxsutawney 8.00 a. m. and 3.38 p. m. week days, arrive at Bellwood at 11.08 a. m. and 5.39 p. m. week days.

For rates, maps and detailed information, call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, 360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in Effect June 25, 1903

NORTH	Mail No. 1 A.M.	Mail No. 3 P.M.	Irreg. No. 5 A.M.	Irreg. No. 7 P.M'
Robertsdale	6 07	12 40	7 43	4 35
Cook's	6 19	12 52	7 55	4 45
Cole's	6 36	1 04	8 07	4 57
Saltillo	6 59	1 32	8 35	5 19
Three Springs	7 05	1 40	8 43	5 27
* Pogue	7 17	1 50	8 55	5 39
Rockhill	7 32	2 05	9 10	5 51
Shirley	7 47	2 22	. .	. .
* Augh. Mills	7 57	2 31	. .	. .
Mount Union	8 20	2 53	. .	. .
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.

SOUTH	Mail No. 2 a.m.	Mail No. 4 p.m.	Irreg. No. 6 a.m.	Irreg. No. 8 p.m.
Mount Union	9 00	3 50	. .	. .
* Augh. Mills	9 16	4 05	. .	. .
Shirley	9 25	4 13	. .	. .
Rockhill	9 45	4 33	5 40	2 10
* Pogue	9 57	4 47	5 50	2 20
Three Springs	10 10	5 00	6 00	2 30
Saltillo	10 19	5 19	6 06	2 37
Cole's	10 49	5 49	6 36	3 07
Cook's	11 04	6 01	6 48	3 19
Robertsdale	11 19	6 13	7 00	3 31
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST Irreg. No. 12 p.m.	Mail No. 10 a.m.	STATIONS		EAST Irreg. No. 9 a.m.	Mail No. 11 p.m
5 35	7 20	L. . Rockhill .	A	6 25	4 40
5 28	7 13	. *Blacklog .		6 32	4 47
5 20	7 05	.*Cedar Rock .		6 40	4 55
5 16	7 01	.*Locke Valley.		6 44	4 59
5 10	6 55	. *Shade Gap .		6 50	5 05

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

*Flag stations.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

FOR SALE—A good Brick House with seven rooms, lot 50x150 feet, situate in Mapleton Borough. ALSO two lots 50x150, each adjoining the above lot. A good chance either for a home or investment. These lots are all planted with the choicest fruit trees and vines, it being the George Godard homestead. Inquire of or write B. FRANK GODARD, executor, Huntingdon, Pa.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic for the Week Beginning Sept. 13, "The Call of Isaiah"—Text, Isa. vi, 1-8.

There was no lack of religion and worship in the land. Every high hill had its grove of trees with an altar in the midst, surrounded by obelisks of stone or columns of wood. On every street in the city was a shrine for offerings. Sacrifices were frequent, and all the life of the people was interwoven with acts of devotion. They could undertake no task without invoking the favor and help of the divine powers and asking some sign or omen to guide them. Nor was this merely outward show. In the very soul itself the people stood in awe of the unseen powers. All was mystery impenetrable, and while they sought life, health and property they feared the powers which ruled over all things and by offerings tried to buy their help.

The times were troublous. The nation must maintain its existence by constant war. The lust for power and luxury infected all. Right was not a matter of reason, but of strength.

Into such times Isaiah found himself born and growing to manhood. Yet in the midst of the corruption, violence and dissoluteness of society there was a small band of rare spirits who saw beyond the evils of the time and had strong faith in a divine force which was shaping events according to a wise and beneficent purpose. The vice of the people must be checked or disaster would overwhelm all in ruin. To these men religion was not a routine of sacrifice and feasting and burning of incense, not an orgy of debauchery and blood. God to them was a Lord of righteousness who demanded honest dealing and purity of soul. He was to be propitiated not by offerings of beasts, but by genuine piety and penitence of heart. They reverenced Him as protector and avenger of the innocent and as punisher of wrongdoers. High above all rulers was this Jehovah, ruling nations and their kings righteously. They were His messengers—not priests to offer sacrifices, but heralds to proclaim His laws and decrees and call men to obedience. The crimes and religious corruption of the people terrified them not for their own safety, but because of the punishment which must follow the evil.

Such a one was Isaiah. Day and night meditating the will of Jehovah and the times, he sees and hears the Jehovah surrounded by heavenly hosts in awful majesty. He feels his own uncleanness of soul and the thrill of the divine incoming. The commission to go to the people as the messenger of Jehovah is received and accepted with bounding heart.

This is the clew to the wonderful after life of Isaiah. He is counselor to kings. He is preacher of righteousness, recorder of history, expounder of God's will, the prophet of true religion in the midst of every kind of falsity.

He sees with clear vision what no man had ever before seen. He speaks to the men of his own time and of all after time the divine message that Jehovah is ruler of all men and commands to righteousness and brother love. He calls to men because God has called him.

Owes His Life to a Neighbor's Kindness.

Mr. D. P. Daugherty, well known throughout Mercer and Sumner counties, W. Va., most likely owes his life to the the kindness of a neighbor. He was almost hopelessly afflicted with diarrhoea; was attended by two physicians who gave him little, if any, relief, when a neighbor learning of his serious condition, brought him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea, which Remedy cured him in less than twenty-four hours. For sale by J. G. Gillam; James O. Heaton, Cassville.

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FISHER'S Mother's Bread

Only the best flour and materials are used, and it is

Absolutely Pure,

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We will also bake our usual line of Bread and Rolls which it has always been our aim to have pure, clean and wholesome.

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The undersigned will run his hack between Cassville and Mapleton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays leaving Cassville at 7.30 o'clock A. M., and leaving Mapleton at one P. M. unless notified to wait for afternoon trains. The patronage of the public solicited.

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Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.

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Household individual banks furnished on application.

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Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.

Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

William Reed & Sons.

The New Suits for Fall

ARE COMING IN EVERY DAY.

The designers this fall have outdone all previous efforts and have produced styles that will appeal to every woman. There is a touch of newness and originality in every one we are showing.

The long skirted coats have fairly leaped into popularity and the styles we show in both straight and blouse front effects are exceptionally fine.

All suit makers predict the greatest season yet experienced, so you will want a new suit too. Our line contains styles and grades up to $25 to suit any one.

The New Rain Coats

Of Cravenette and Scotch Mixed Shower Proof Cloths are now on display. Every garment is new and of the best style.

All summer lines are being closed out at prices a third to a half less than formerly.

Wm. Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Prices are Reduced

ALL THROUGH THE STORE.

In order to make room for new goods now coming in, we have reduced prices on all Dress Goods.

Dress Goods that was 25c yd., reduced to 15c yd.
Best Calicos reduced to 5c and 6c per yd.
Ginghams reduced to 5c and 6c per yd.
Muslin, yd wide, from 5c to 8c per yard.

BOYS' SUITS, Ages 5 to 12 Years

Regular prices ranged from $1.25 to $3.50; will be sold regardless of cost. Persons desiring to buy Boys' Suits have the opportunity here of receiving double value for their money. Come early as they will not be here long at the greatly reduced prices at which we are offering them.

GROCERIES.

Package Coffee,	11c per pound.
Loose Coffee,	15c per pound.
Granulated Sugar,	5½c per pound.
Soft White Sugar,	5c per pound.
EVAPORATED FRUIT.	
Extra Fine Peaches,	10c per pound.
Apricots,	10c per pound.
Best California Prunes	10c per pound.

Visit our store and examine goods. You will find prices right.

Main St J. G. GILLAM, Mapleton.

WANTED—A competant school teacher for the Three Springs Borough school. Wages, $40.00 per month. Address all communications to T. A. WEIGHT, Sec., Three Springs, Pa. 8-12-tf

FOR SALE—A good milch cow, quiet and gentle. For further particulars call on or address MRS. E. WERTS, Mapleton Depot, Pa. tf

FOR SALE AT SARIFICE, or will be rented—150-acre farm in Union township, 2½ miles from Mill Creek; 100 acres cultivated, 50 acres timber; together with separate peach orchard and 85 acres timber, good buildings, and abundance all kinds fruit. S. A. ANDERSON, Mill Creek, Pa. 9-2-2mos

FOR SALE—A small farm of about fifty acres in Union township, about one mile from Mill Creek on road leading to Smith valley and Trough Creek valley. Well watered and adopted to fruit or truck farming. House, barn and other outbuildings. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For further particulars call on or address, CHARLES W. WEAVER, Mill Creek, Pa. 8-19-2mos

10-Piece Decorated Toilet Sets at $2.50

A lot of shoes, all kinds at less than wholesale priced. We have a fine line of Queensware, Granite, Tin, Wood, Willow and Nickel ware. Soap (toilet) at 1 cent per cake. Chocolate and Cream Candies at 10 cents per pound at

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EACH SUCCEEDING SEASON

FINDS US WITH A COMPLETE LINE OF SEASONABLE GOODS.

Underwear

A large assortment of undergarments just received. Quality and prices right.

Overalls & Blouses

These goods are seasonable. Examine them.

Footwear

We have a splendid stock of boots and shoes, rubber boots and felts. Call and see how quality and price compare with those of other dealers.

Dry Goods

New line received and additions being constantly made.

Groceries

Stock clean and fresh. We have a large assortment of staple goods.

WE THANK you for your past patronage, and if you want anything in our line, come and see us and we will treat you right.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

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THE GOLDEN MEAN.

He that holds fast the golden mean,
And lives contentedly between
  The little and the great,
Feels not the wants that pinch the poor,
Nor plagues that haunt the rich man's door,
  Embittering all his state.

The tallest pines feel most the power
Of wintry blasts; the loftiest tower
  Comes heaviest to the ground.
The bolts that spare the mountain's side,
His cloud-capt eminence divide,
  And spread the ruin round.

—Translated from Horace.

ONE TOUCH OF NATURE.

"I told you how it would be, John, before we were married. I knew quite well that it would not last long. The house is not big enough to hold your mother and me, and one of us has got to find other quarters. She's your mother and I haven't a word to say against her, but we don't get on together, and that's the whole truth of the matter."

John Fergusson looked down at his wife with a little furrow of perplexity on his sunburnt forehead.

"You might have told me so before, Nellie," he said. "The Pearl sails tonight, as you know well enough, and there's no chance for me to do anything. My mother is a good woman, and as easy to live with as most people, I take it."

"Oh, of course it's all my fault—"

"I don't say whose fault it is, but I dont know what you expect me to do. I can't turn the poor old soul out into the street at a minute's notice. She doesn't deserve that sort of treatment from me."

"And I'm not asking it, John. I'm not unreasonable. If you were at home always things would be different perhaps, but you'll be away for six months certain, and maybe longer, and we shall quarrel all the time. I can't stand it, indeed. But I don't wish her to be turned out. I'll go myself. Stephen will be very glad to have me back again for the time you are away."

"Your brother has his housekeeper —"

"Yes, but she does not make him comfortable, and he told me yesterday that he only wished for his own sake, though not for mine, that I had remained single. I said I would go and keep house for him again, and he was ever so glad about it."

"And the baby—will he care to be bothered with a young child?"

"Oh, he won't mind! Why should he?"

Captain Fergusson considered for a moment.

"Mother will be very lonely," he said at last.

"Oh, no. She never minded it before you were married," said his wife, hastily.

"Perhaps not, but she is three years older since then. Well, you can do as you like, Nell. I shall not prevent you. Just please yourself."

"And you are not angry?"

"Angry? Oh, no!"

"Or vexed?"

He smiled a little bitterly.

"I'm not exactly gratified," he said. "It isn't likely I should be. But that makes no difference, of course. I will tell mother, and put things straight with her. She is very fond of little Nellie, and will miss the child a good deal, but that can't be helped. Poor old mother."

"I shall come and see her sometimes, of course, John—"

"Oh, you will? Well, tnat is something."

"I am sorry you are vexed, John—"

"Oh, never mind, my dear! I never did profess to understand women, but it's all right."

But Mrs. Fergusson was not altogether satisfied with her interview with her husband. She was very fond of him, and she could not help seeing that he was deeply hurt and grieved. He would set out on his long voyage with a sore heart, and it might even be that he would not return. She almost wished that she had made up her mind to bear with her mother-in-law's little peculiarities for John's sake, but it was too late now; her pride would not let her turn back.

"It's all settled, Nell," said the captain, coming back to the little parlor a few minutes later. "You will do just what suits you, and my mother will not interfere. And now I must be going, my dear. This is the longest good-bye we have said since our marriage, isn't it? There! Don't cry! I'll be back by midsummer at the latest, so look out for me when the roses are in bloom. Good-bye, sweetheart!"

"If you'd rather I stayed, John—" sobbed Nell, clinging to her husband in a last long embrace.

"No, I'd rather leave you happy, my dear girl, and mother says she can manage alone. Now, no more tears if you love me! Once more, good-bye!"

He was gone and his wife, sobbing her heart out on the old horse-hair covered sofa, had no thought to spare for any grief but her own. Later on, when his mother entered the room, the girl's eyes were dry.

"I'm sorry you can't get on with me," the old woman said quietly, "but it's natural enough no doubt. When are you going to your brother?"

"He expects me tomorrow. I think it is best—"

"Oh, yes, of course it is best, since you wish it. You will like to be alone this evening, I know, so I am going out. If I do not see you again, good-night."

* * * * * *

"If you please, ma'am, I don't think baby is quite well; she's fretting dreadfully, and I can't get her to sleep. If you'd just come and look at her you'd know what to give her to make her better."

Mrs. Fergusson looked at her nurse's troubled face, and rose at once.

"Yes, I'll come, Bessie," she said. "I expect baby's teeth are worrying her; they should be coming through now, I suppose."

But when Helen entered the nursery and watched the child's flushed face and difficult breathing a sudden spasm of pain clutched at her heart. If baby should be really ill what should she do? If only John were at home! But he was already far on his journey.

"You must fetch the doctor, Bessie," she said, taking the little one in her arms. "I'm afraid it may be bronchitis or something like that—it seems to be in her throat. I don't understand children's ailments. Mrs. Fergusson would know perhaps, but she is out. Hurry, please, for I feel very nervous, and as you pass the kitchen tell Kate to come to me."

"It's Kate's evening out, ma'am."

"Oh, of course! I forgot. Well, I must stay alone then, only be as quick as you possibly can, Bessie. See baby nearly chokes sometimes—she has never been like it before."

"I won't be ten minutes, ma'am," the girl answered as she slipped softly away, leaving Helen alone with her child.

"May I come in? Is there anything the matter, Helen?" asked a voice at the door.

She turned round and gladly bade her mother-in-law enter.

"Yes, something is the matter," she was saying in a voice which somehow did not sound like her own. "Baby is ill. I've sent Bessie for the doctor, and it's Kate's evening out. I am glad you are here. I was feeling so nervous all alone."

"Is she very bad, do you think?" Mrs. Fergusson stopped and peered anxiously at the tiny face.

"I'm afraid so. Ah, thank God! Here is the doctor."

Doctor Dacre was a middle-aged man of great experience, and he saw at a glance what the trouble was.

"Diphtheria," he said briefly. "You will need a trained nurse, Mrs. Fergusson."

"Ah, I don't know," said Helen. "I'm not really used to children much, and I don't know anything about diphtheria except that it is dangerous. Do you think that she will die?"

"It is impossible to say at this stage. I can send a nurse if you wish. It would save you a great deal of care and anxiety. Cheer up, my dear lady. We will do our best for the little one, and I hope she will soon pull through."

"No need for a nurse. I'll take charge of her if you will let me, Helen. I nursed her father through the same complaint, and saved his life. Will you trust her to me?"

"It is hard work, madam," said the doctor, dubiously, but Helen, without a word, laid her baby in its grandmother's arms.

All through the weary days and nights that followed the two women fought with the king of terrors for the little life which both loved so well. Helen was quite inexperienced, but Mrs. Fergusson had seen a great deal of sickness, and seemed to know instinctively what to do in an emergency. The doctor gave his orders, feeling comfortably certain that they would be carried out.

"Your mother is a magnificent nurse," he said to Helen one day as she followed him down stairs to hear the latest opinion. "If anybody could save the child she would do it."

"Is it quite hopeless, doctor?" asked the young mother, looking wistfully up at the kind, grave face which during the last week she had grown to know so well. "Isn't there anything more to be done?"

"It is not hopeless, but there is still danger," he answered. "The crisis will be passed tonight, so there is not much more waiting for you to do. You have been very brave, and Mrs. Fergusson, senior, is a woman in a thousand. She must be nearly worn out, but she will not give up. You are fortunate to have had her with you during this very trying time."

"Yes," said Helen, humbly. "She is very good indeed, and I can never be grateful enough; but I know baby will die. I have behaved badly, Doctor Dacre, and this is my punishment. I am sorry now, but it is too late. God is angry with me, and is going to punish before He forgives me. It is all quite just, only I think my heart will break."

She looked such a pathetic, sorrowful figure leaning against the hall table, her eyes hot and tearless, her mouth quivering with regret and grief, that the doctor paused for a moment and laid a kind hand upon her shoulder.

"God is good," he said tenderly. "I think he will let you keep your child. Be brave and patient for a little longer, and then you can make amends, perhaps for the sins of the past. I will return in two hours' time and watch with you. In the meantime keep up your courage, and do not be afraid."

When, a little later in the evening, the doctor crept softly up-stairs and into the room where his tiny patient lay sleeping, he found the two women standing beside the cot, watching patiently for the expected change. Would it be for the warm flush of returning health or the strange gray shade of death? Who could say? Doctor Dacre's pitying glance took in the whole picture.

"Not yet," he said quietly. "Sit down and wait for a while."

Helen took the chair he offered her, but Mrs. Fergusson would not resign her place for a moment. The light from a shaded lamp fell sharply across her anxious, weary face, framed in its silver hair.

For an hour, which felt almost like a week in length, there was silence between the three watchers, then the doctor rose and laid his hand on Helen's arm.

"Thank God!" he said earnestly. "The crisis is over."

"She will live!"

"Yes, she will live. Your mother must rest now, or I shall have another patient on my hands. Good-night. I shall call the first thing in the morning." He stole softly away, and Helen turned towards the cot where the baby lay sleeping easily and naturally at last.

"Mother," she said quietly, "I have not deserved that you should be so good to me, but I am sorry. If we have not got on together it was my fault, and mine only. You have been kind always, and I was jealous, I think, because John loved you so well; but now, for baby's sake, will you forgive me?"

"My dear, I have nothing to forgive," the elder woman answered, kissing Helen's quivering lips.—Waverley Magazine.

READING BY FIREFLY LIGHT.

This Is a Story of an Adventure in the Forests of Venezuela.

While out on a hunting expedition in the forest-covered mountains of Pavia, in eastern Venezuela, I became dissatisfied with the neighborhood and started out to move further on into the forest, where ground was being cleared for a new plantation of cacao, writes a correspondent of the Indianapolis News. While trudging through the woods I carried all my necessaries in a sack slung over my shoulder. Among its contents were three books, one of them a copy of Don Quixote, in the original Spanish. Two young Venezuelans accompanied me, and as we went along I lightened their fatigue by telling them stories.

The journey was long and in the afternoon it began to rain; so that, wet to the skin, tired and hungry as wolves we arrived, just as night was closing in, at the place where the trees were being felled. In the middle of the clearing there was the usual "ayupa," or shed of palm leaves resting upon upright posts. Beneath this we swung our hammocks, and then proceeded to make supper.

We had not a dry match left, and there was no one there but ourselves, so that the best we could do was to eat our casava bread in the dark and wash it down with some water which we luckily found in a calabash.

Our hammocks and the spare suits of clothes we had brought rolled up in them were fairly dry, so that we lay comfortably enough. But sleep was long in coming. We tried to talk entertainingly, but my story-telling energy was gone; and the most we could do was to keep up an intermittent conversation.

"How jolly it would be," said one of the Venezuelans, "if we had a lamp and some books."

"Why, I've got Don Quixote in the sack," said I.

"Yes, but what's the good of that without a light for the lamp?" he replied.

"I'll soon have a light," I said, as I jumped from my hammock and went outside to catch the first firefly that passed me. Presently I had one in my fingers, and soon, with Don Quixote, open, I was lying in the hammock reading aloud in such darkness that none of us could see the faces of the others.

I had only one firefly, yet it was quite sufficient, because I used it properly. I held the little creature between finger and thumb, close to the page, and passed it along the lines of print, word after word became successively visible and passed from my lips as freely as if I had had the whole page plainly before me, instead of a little circle of light, illuminating word after word as it moved steadily along the paper.

My hearers were amused and delighted, for I read without the slightest interruption or hesitation for two or three hours until sleep dulled our interest, and the book was laid aside and the firefly allowed to go free.

SERVIAN ARMY PLOTTING

A Conspiracy to Avenge King Alexander Uncovered.

Leaders of the Movement Under Arrest—Seven Hundred Officers Said to Be Implicated.

Belgrade, Servia.—About fifty officers of the Servian Army have been arrested at Nisch on charges of being in a conspiracy to kill every one who was concerned in the murder of King Alexander, Queen Draga and the members of the Servian Cabinet, when the military plotters overthrew the Government some months ago.

Among those arrested are the leaders of the new conspiracy, Captains Peschitch and Zalovitch. The latter was the orderly of King Alexander and Captain Peschitch is a nephew of Minister Todorovitch, who was wounded on the night of the assassinations.

It is stated that more than 700 officers throughout the country are implicated, having signed a petition to King Peter in which they declared that they were unable to serve in the army under murderers. They also demanded the punishment of the assassins and stated that if their demands were not complied with they would take the affair into their own hands. Colonel Popovitch and other officers of King Peter's suite were especially denounced in the petition.

King Peter and his principal Ministers are now at Nisch. It is stated that M. Kaljevitch, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, opposed the action of the Government in ordering the arrest of the officers, and will resign from the Cabinet.

There is much excitement at Nisch and Belgrade over the situation, and the question of King Peter's position is being discussed very seriously. It is not known what proportion of the Servian Army will support the officers who have been arrested.

BOY'S MILLINERY PRIZE.

Award at Convention in Chicago Causes Row Among Disgruntled Women.

Chicago.—The convention of milliners closed in a row. Professional hatmakers were arrayed against the officers of the association because of the award of first prize to Earl E. Hodge, a nineteen-year-old boy. They say that the fact that Hodge was the only boy competitor, and not the charms of his millinery creation, influenced the decision of the judges.

"I thought this was to be an exhibition of the work of milliners, and not of boys," declared one of the disgruntled local exhibitors. "The next time I am invited to make a display of hats I'll decline in language which cannot be mistaken."

Hodge said the reason he had won the prize was because he was a sort of hat-making genius or prodigy. "When I was a little boy," he said, "I used to trim hats. All my life I have had the ambition to be a milliner. I always have made my sister's hats, and have been complimented about them often."

FUGUTIVE NEGRO DROWNS.

Chased by a Mob, He Jumps Into the Kansas River.

Kansas City, Mo. — A negro was caught choking and seeking to rob Mrs. Margaret Gerahn, a white woman, in her home at Armourdale, Kan., a suburb.

He fled, chased by a crowd, and when he realized that escape was impossible, drowned himself in the Kansas River, jumping overboard from a rowboat in which he was trying to gain the Missouri side.

The negro had been in Mrs. Gerahn's house for three hours and had repeatedly choked her to make the woman give up her money. She will probably recover.

Make Patrons Pay For Strike.

The laundry owners of Chicago have raised prices on collars, cuffs and flat work, in the hope that they will be able to recover the amount lost during the recent strike. The laundry business of Chicago has fallen off thirty per cent. The new price list is expected to add $2,500,000 a year in receipts.

Temperance Hospital Plans.

Directors of the Frances E. Willard National Temperance Hospital have decided to erect a $75,000 hospital in Chicago for the treatment of disease without using alcohol. The building will be the result of nineteen years' work. Three schools of medicine will be represented.

Suicide After Strike Failed.

Because he lost his job by striking Jacob B. Smith threw himself from the fourth story window of his home in Chicago. He struck the sidewalk and was killed. Smith was President of the Cooks' Union and chef of a downtown restaurant. The strike failed.

"Strangler" Knapp Still Hopes.

Alfred A. Knapp, the "strangler," was taken from Hamilton to Columbus, Ohio, to await execution in the electric chair on December 12. Knapp expressed the hope that he would soon be back in Hamilton.

Germany Bars Hypnotic Displays.

The Minister of the Interior at Berlin, Germany, has reissued the old decree forbidding public exhibitions of hypnotism, on the ground that such proceedings are injurious to the subjects hypnotized.

Pacing Mare Makes World's Record.

Edith W. broke the track, State and world's records for pacing mares on a half-mile track at Anderson, Ind., in the free-for-all mile pace. Her time was 0.33¼, 1.03½, 1.36, 2.07.

LABOR WORLD.

Railroad porters are organizing against tips.

United Garment Cutters will establish a death benefit fund.

St. Louis World's Fair building operations employ 5000 workmen.

Bricklayers at Minneapolis, Minn., have refused to work with non-union laborers.

Blast furnacemen in Scotland have suffered a reduction of five per cent. in wages.

Railroad men last year were paid $576,028,502, as compared with $445,508,251 in 1895.

It is proposed to extend the New Zealand arbitration act to the other Australian colonies.

Union Pacific firemen and engineers have secured an increase of from three to five per cent. in their wages.

Journeymen bakers in New York City have been unsuccessful in their efforts to have the master bakers accept their new wage scale and adopt the union label.

There are 1,700,000 domestic servants of various kinds in England, of whom 300,000 are charwomen and washerwomen.

St. Paul, Minn., Furriers' Union has started a movement for an international organization of the craft, and is planning an international convention in October.

Hatters in Austria are well organized. The hours of labor in their trade range from nine to ten daily. The weekly wages of men are from $4 to $8, women from $2 to $5.

Master plumbers of Holyoke have received copies of a new agreement that the journeymen plumbers desire them to sign, calling for an increase in wages from $2.62½ to $3 a day.

The organization of women wage-workers throughout the country has become popular and is increasing rapidly. In Chicago there are twenty-five crafts organized, with 31,000 members.

SPORTING BREVITIES.

Entries for the amateur golf championship total 145.

The rail bird shooting in Delaware began September 1.

Boxing will be resumed in Butte, Mont., in the near future.

The Cleveland Club has purchased the famous Columbus third baseman, Terry Turner.

E. E. Smathers' Billy Buck won the $15,000 Massachusetts Stake for trotters at Readville, Mass.

Out of twenty-one games decided by a one-run margin, the New York Americans have won fourteen.

Crabs were never more plentiful than they are at present in all the waters about New York City.

Surf casting is demanding the attention of anglers these days. Good catches of weakfish are being made up and down the New Jersey coast.

Ormonde's Right, son of the famous Ormonde, won the Autumn Stake at Sheepshead Bay, New York City, ridden by O'Niell, who also won on two other mounts.

It is said that boxing is to be revived at Chicago this coming winter. It is further said that the authorities may allow the bouts to go ten rounds instead of six.

C. S. Titus, who lost his championship laurels to F. B. Greer, the Boston sculler, in the National championship at Worcester, has entered the Middle States regatta at Washington, so that he may meet his rival again.

Louise Kober, an eighteen-year-old girl, won the 100 yards flash at the games of the Grocery Clerks' Union at Celtic Park, New York City, in the fast time of 11 4-5 seconds. A twelve-year-old girl won the potato race.

There is talk among the most influential Clyde yachtsmen of building another yacht to compete for the America's Cup. If it is decided to send a boat on such a quest all designers will be asked to compete, and the best designs will be accepted.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Waddell has the smallest batting average in the American League.

That Washington infield works beautifully. Too bad they cannot hit.

Joe Kelley says that Harry Dolan has played great ball for Cincinnati.

Pitcher Pounds will finish the season in Denver. More farming by Brooklyn.

Robert Lee Hedges, proprietor of the St. Louis team, will rebuild his baseball park next winter.

Tip O'Neill, right fielder of Duffy's Milwaukee team, will be utility player for the Bostons in 1904.

Catcher Moran has put more balls over the left field fence in Boston this year than any other player.

Lajoie again leads all of the batsmen with a small average for a leader, thanks to the foul-strike rule.

Cincinnati pays Milwaukee $2000 for Pitcher Elliott, and the player will receive $2600, with $500 advance.

Cleveland seems to have fired a jewel when Walker was canned. His work with Louisville has been superb.

The Philadelphia League Club has released pitcher Jack McFetridge, and the New York League Club has signed him.

Catcher Needham, who was to join the Boston Nationals, did not materialize. His folks do not want him to play ball.

Clarke Griffith predicts that Cleveland will simply swamp the Reds in the inter-State games at the close of the season.

Pitcher Roy Evans, late of Brooklyn and St. Louis, has signed with the Sedalia (Mo.) Club, of the Missouri Valley League.

A SERMON FOR SUNDAY

AN ELOQUENT DISCOURSE ENTITLED "DUAL MINDEDNESS OF CHRIST."

The Rev. C. J. Greenwood Makes a Deep Impression With a Message Suggested by the Eighth Chapter of Romans—Mind of Flesh and Mind of Spirit.

WESTFIELD, N. J.—The Rev. C. J. Greenwood, pastor of the First Baptist Church here, who recently came from Meriden, Conn., and is making a deep impression, preached Sunday morning on "The Dual-Mindedness of Man." The text was chosen from Romans, viii:6: "For the mind of the flesh is death; but the mind of the spirit is life and peace." Mr. Greenwood said:

The eighth chapter of Romans is full of startling statements and convincing climaxes. It is the great assurance chapter, beginning with "No condemnation" and ending with "No separation." It is a reliable thermometer with which to take one's spiritual temperature. It is a splendid excitant and tonic for spiritual heart failure. If taken in sufficient doses at frequent intervals, it will relieve that tired feeling which comes over so many of us during the summer months, when the hour for the Sunday service arrives. We especially recommend it as a vade mecum for the Christian on his annual outing. It is a wholesale message to proclaim in these days when so much is being said about the atrophy of the spiritual nerve and the decline of religious conviction.

Robert Louis Stevenson's great story of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" is, after all, but an elaborate working out of the statement made by Paul in the text. A strange book is this story of Stevenson's, and stranger still the two minds that struggle for the control of the man. Mr. Henry Hyde represents the mind of the flesh. He is a sinister, selfish, sensuous, murderous character, more demon than human. Dr. Henry Jekyll represents the mind of the spirit. He is a generous, gentlemanly, kind, considerate man. The two minds of one individual have nothing in common. A bitter hatred exists between them, and a fierce war that wages hotter and hotter to the end goes on in the battlefield of the soul. Gradually Dr. Jekyll becomes despondent, sickens, and the inhuman Hyde, that "insurgent horror caged in flesh" prevails over him and crushes out his life. The book is the creation of Stevenson's weird imagination, but the counterparts of Hyde and Jekyll are to be found in every individual.

In the "Redemption of David Corson" we have the same contest between the two gladiators—the mind of the flesh and the mind of the spirit, with the result reversed. In the person of the hero, Corson, Hyde and Jekyll find a field for conflict. In this story the mind of the flesh triumphs over the mind of the spirit, but the victory is not decisive. Jekyll is sorely wounded, but not slain. From the crimson field, with uniform soiled and tattered, he rises, like Jacob from wrestling with the angel, to find Hyde mortally wounded and himself the chastened and changed victor. The same truth has been illustrated in the scientific world by grafting the pupa of a spider upon the pupa of a fly. The result of the vivisector's skill is a monster within whose violated organism struggle two irreconcilable impulses. The one is a savage of the jungle with an abnormal appetite for blood; the other is an innocent creature with a passion for the sunshine. In each one of us there is a dual-mindedness. Two combatants are engaged in fierce conflict. It is a struggle for rulership, and the victor will be either Jekyll or Hyde.

To the ordinary mortal death is repulsive and life is pleasing. We adopt the grim skull and cross bones as the symbol of our loathing for the former, and show our love for the latter by filling the niches of our art temples with Venus de Milos and Apollo Belvideres. There is nothing particularly fascinating about the dead stump of a tree or the verdureless sands of a desert. No one but the grave robber or medical student is supposed to be interested in corpses. A morgue is the last place you would visit unless compelled by necessity. On the other hand there is nothing that will awaken greater interest than life. To the Alpine traveler, the blue gentian is a welcome sight, as it opens its petals in the realm of perpetual snows. Sweet is the oasis with its shady palms and solitary fountain to the caravan creeping across the hot wastes of sand. Beautiful to the eye of the child is the butterfly as it spreads its wings of gauze and voyages through the empyrean blue. The fisherman delights to watch the speckled trout as he rushes for cover, or the grayling as he leaps from the swirling pool. One cannot watch the antlered deer bound through the forest glades and climb the rocky steep; or follow the flight of the eagle as he circles toward the sun, without feeling his nerves tingle and the blood rush through the arteries. While reading "The Cruise of the Cachalot," I became so interested that I wanted to join in the exciting chase of the great sperm whale as he charged through the waters in his rapid flight. Life is the thing that fascinates us. Stir, snap, speech are the things that catch the eye. That is why the cry is for speedier autos and swifter Shamrocks.

But the common conception of life is false. The vast majority of people are laboring under a delusion. You stand where the tides of humanity roll swift and strong—you see men accumulating colossal fortunes at a bound and living in dazzling splendor; you notice the sleek, fat and pleasure-loving epicureans at the club houses; the coarse amorous Falstaffs at the social functions; the Cleopatras, the Salomes and society queens whose studied grace and wine flushed cheeks entrance but to destroy and, and you say "This is life—life at high noon and high midnight of the twentieth century."

Christianity comes to us and says: "This is not life. This is death." And a recent utterance of Dr. Hillis furnishes a splendid ritual for the committal service of the modern preacher: "Here we commit his body to the dust, his stomach to stalled ox, his palate to spiced wines, dust to dust, tongue to terrapin, while the spirit returns to the animal and the beasts that fed with it." Because a thing is dressed in a tailor-made suit and moves about, it is not necessarily alive. Thunder and smoke are not always indications of life. The meteor that comes plunging down the sky with a roar and a trail of light is dead. The heavenly bodies use it for a football and toss it through space. Because a man walks about on two legs, winks with two eyes, listens with two ears and wags his tongue, he may not be alive according the Paul's theology. Let me illustrate. Here is a man whose occupation is such that the world derives no benefit from it. Rather, his business exerts a baleful and blighting influence upon his fellows. The business smirches character, destroys body and soul, and the outcome is a wreck cast upon the sands of life's great ocean to bleach and rot. He conducts a physical, intellectual and moral slaughter house for a monetary consideration. He knows that his business is damnable in the sight of God and demoralizing to society. He is fattening swine or flooding the social organism with lepers. There are no extenuating circumstances. There are no beneficial compensations. The results of his business are evil and evil only. Yet he continues to curse men. I say such a being, whatever his occupation or social standing, however great his wealth, is dead—just as dead in the sight of heaven as though his body were rotting in the shrouds. He is dead to God, dead to all moral obligations, dead to all the higher promptings and pleadings of the soul that is within him. His moral nature is atrophied. All his thoughts, his impulses, his acts are carnal. He lives to the flesh, and of the flesh reaps corruption. Every sheaf that he binds for time or eternity is a bundle of corruption. The smiles and smirks of an evil person are not signs of life, but danger signals that warn us against falling into an open sepulchre.

You remember Valjean in Victor Hugo's "Les Miserables." He sleeps, and in his sleep he beholds the death of sin. As he comes to the house of revelry, the flowers, the trees and the very sky are all the color of ashes. Valjean wanders on through vacant rooms, courts and gardens. By the fountains, by the pavilions, everywhere, walk silent men who have no answer to his questions. Suddenly he finds all the inhabitants of the lifeless town clustering about him, and they cry, "Do you not know that you have been dead for a long time?" With a cry, Valjean awakes and feels his sin. Do you not know that all about us walk dead people? People who have no object in life but to amuse themselves and feed and fatten the animal? Ghosts that stalk about in shrouds and dwell in haunted chambers? No generous impulses stir the soul, no noble aspirations thrill the depths of the nature, no responsive chords of the being yield to the voice of the spirit that calls to sacrifice and service.

On the other hand, "the mind of the spirit is life and peace." Christianity comes to men telling them of a divine Saviour in whom is life and Who came that we might have life and have it more abundantly. The Bible tells us of "the spirit of life," which exerts its power among men. Jehovah is spoken of as "the living God," and the Holy Spirit as His living agent. "By thy spirit God hath garnished the heavens." "Thou sendest forth thy spirit; they are created. In so far as testimony and observation go life springs from life. The Spirit of God is manifest in all His methods and works. This same spirit, whose activity is exerted in creation and the sustaining of life, is also the spirit of truth, of holiness, of wisdom and grace. The Spirit of God "renews the face of the earth," turning winter into spring, calling forth life, beauty, fragrance and song. The same Spirit transforms the human soul. The Spirit of God touches our hearts; the great transaction is done. Behold a new creature in Christ Jesus. We pass from death unto life. We are alive unto God through Jesus Christ our Lord, and the things which are all in all to the sensuous worlding are of value to us only as they are connected with and minister to the kingdom of Jesus Christ, of which we are citizens.

If you have passed from death unto life you are not a piece of moral tinkering and ethical cobbling. Regeneration is a live wire. It is a permanent miracle. You are not only a new man, but a live man. The dictionary defines a top as a "gyroscope." A gyroscope may be made to spin. But it is a dead thing, nevertheless. It won't go without a string or a spring attached to it and manipulated by the hand of the spinner. If you have been regenerated you are more than a gyroscope. You will not "run down" like a top. You will not be subject to moods and modes. You will run without having a spring or string attached to you. The love of the Christ will "constrain you" and "restrain you." In the workshop, in the store, behind the counter and in the office your associates will know that you have been with Jesus and received life. "The mind of the flesh" has been buried, and no flowers were laid on his casket. "The mind of the spirit" lives and speaks through the kindling eye, the quivering lip and the softened and sanctified heart. The grazing grounds of the fleshly-minded are the lotus meadows of pleasure and ease. The grazing grounds of the spiritually minded are the "green pastures" beside the "still waters," led and fed and satisfied by the Shepherd of Life. The difference between the carnally minded and the spiritually minded is the difference between the stall fed ox complacently chewing his cud and the creature created in the image of God agonizing to be worthy of wearing the white stone and bearing the new name.

With life comes also the gift of peace. "Peace be unto you," said the Saviour to the disciples. "My peace I leave with you; My peace I give unto you; not as the world giveth, give I unto you." What is it you are longing for this morning? Home? You have that. Business? You have more than you can attend to. Already you are worried nearly to death over business. To-morrow morning's mail will bring you a large bundle of letters. Perhaps some of them will read, "Please remit." Head over heels in business. Pleasure? Aren't you surfeited with pleasure? Aren't you at it every afternoon and evening, by the seashore, in the mountains, at the club? One continuous round of pleasure. Society? Don't you go in for it? Don't you have your teas, your card parties, your games and chit chats? What you want is peace—peace of mind and peace of conscience. And you will never get it until you get life—the life that throttles and binds and sets its heel upon this miserable carnal creature that whines and frets and burns with an abnormal thirst that nothing can satisfy? And why do you get peace when you get eternal life? Because you have anchored to do something within the vale, and wind and wave and tempest shock cannot disturb the calm and constant peace of the mind and heart that wait upon the Lord. You get peace because under the strenuous uplift of this new life you live a simple life nobly, which is the grandest thing any of us can do. He who follows "the mind of the spirit" will find the deepest satisfaction, for he has "in him a well of water springing up into everlasting life."

The other night George Primrose, the minstrel, was amusing an audience at the Masonic Temple Roof Garden in Chicago. In response to an encore he came out and sang "My Watermelon Queen." When he came to the line in the chorus, "She's all the world to me," he broke down, turned and walked into the wings, to the surprise of the audience. Just before he waiked to the foollghts he received a telegram saying that his wife was dead in their home in Buffalo. And when he came to that line which touched the deepest chord in his soul, footlights and faces, all save one, were forgotten. Love yearned to clasp love. The supreme grace that was born in heaven and which finds "its wavering image here," swayed the heart of the great comedian. The sorrow in the soul stifled the song on the lips. So it is when the mind of the spirit overmasters the mind of the flesh. The stagey mannerisms of society, the baubles, the trinkets, the Bacchanalian banquets, are forgotten, or they cease to allure. The soul turns away from the hollow handclapping and the vulgar throng into the wings to live with Him who "is all the world to me."

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 13.

Subject: David Becomes King, 2 Sam. ii., 1-10—Golden Text, Psa. 133-1—Memory Verses, 1-3—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

I. David anointed king at Hebron (vs. 1-7). "1. After this." After the death of Saul and his sons. "Inquired of the Lord." By means of Abiathar the priest who was with David during his fugitive life. "At that decisive turning point in his life, David wished to know the will of the Lord. He saw that the promise of the kingdom was now to be fulfilled to him. As he could no longer remain in the land of the Philistines, but must return to his own country, and as the northern part of the land was held by the Philistines, the return to the territory of his own tribe was most natural; for there, where he had a long time found refuge (1 Sam. 22:5) he might count out a large following, and firm support and protection against the remains of Saul's army under Abner." "Cities of Judah." It would be useless to think of undertaking to assume control of the country in the northern part of the kingdom, as that was in the hands of the Philistines, and David was in no position to drive them out. "Go up." "Going up" meant assuming royal authority. God's answer was immediate and clear. David's decision, guided by God, was to establish himself as the king at once. "Unto Hebron." One of the most ancient cities of the world. "The central position of Hebron in the tribe of Judah, its mountainous and defensible situation, its importance as a priestly settlement and an ancient royal city, the patriarchal associations connected with it, combined to render it the most suitable capital for the new kingdom. In its neighborhood, moreover, David had spent a considerable part of his fugitive life and gained many supporters. See 1 Sam. 30, 31."

2. "So David went up." It may be well to note some of the leading elements which we discern in David's life and character as he enters upon his new life. "He had, 1. A vivid sense of God's presence. 2. Personal prowess. 3. Promptitude in all his movements. 4. A patience that was sublime. 5. An affectionate heart. 6. A cool head and a steady nerve. 7. Wide experience. 8. A heart loyal to God. This loyalty was so intense that his cause and God's cause became identical, and he could not readily distinguish between God's enemies and his own; and in spite of all his sins and blunders, this must impress every impartial reader as the leading characteristic of King David. "Thither." We are to think of this journey as a march of an army, or, rather, the migration of a large company of guerillas. There were few household effects and few women and children in the company; it was made up of bronzed youths inured to hardship, among whom rank and fame were secured by daring deeds rather than by anything comparable to modern military skill.

3, 4. "His men." The six hundred men of his chosen band. "With his household." There was to be no more roaming in exile, but each one was to settle down to the duties of a peaceful and quiet life. "Cities of Hebron." The small towns which surrounded Hebron. "Men of Judah." The elders of Judah, the official representatives of the tribe. "Anointed." He had been privately anointed by Samuel, by which he acquired a right to the kingdom. The other parts of the kingdom were, as yet, attached to the family of Saul.

5. "David sent messengers." This was David's first act as king, and it was worthy of him. He had been informed of the manner in which the Philistines had carried away the bodies of Saul and his sons after the battle. He had also been told that the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead had sent forth a party by night and had taken the bodies from the wall and carried them safely to their own town and buried them. "Blessed be ye." David respected Saul as his once legitimate sovereign; he loved Jonathan as his most intimate friend. Saul had greatly injured David, but that did not cancel his respect for him as the anointed of God, and as the king of Israel. No mean spirit of revenge found place in his breast. He showed also that he had no wish or intention to punish Saul's adherents, but was kindly disposed toward them.

6, 7. "Will requite you." Will show you this kindness; that is, the attention and honor shown in the blessings I give you through these messengers. "Be ye valiant." Be of good courage; be strong and show yourselves brave men. "Saul is dead." And therefore ye are without a king unless ye acknowledge me, as the house of Judah has done.

II. Ish-bosheth king over Israel (vs. 8-10).

8. "Ish-bosheth." Saul's fourth and only surviving son. He was a mere tool in the hands of Abner. Abner was a great general, and if Ish-bosheth, who was a weak man, could be made king, Abner would be almost supreme. "Mahanaim." Abner chose this town because it was on the eastern side of the Jordan, and so beyond the range of the Philistines, who never seemed to have crossed the river.

9. "Made him king." Here was the establishment of a rival kingdom, which probably would have had no existence but for Abner. He was cousin to Saul. Loyalty to the house of his late master was mixed up with opposition to David, and views of personal ambition in his originating this factious movement. He, too, was alive to the importance of securing the eastern tribes. "Gilead." The land beyond Jordan. "Ashurites." The tribe of Ashur in the extreme north. "Jezreel." The extensive valley bordering on the central tribes. "Ephraim . . . Benjamin." These tribes, which had not yet been conquered by the Philistines, holding no doubt to the house of Saul. "Over all Israel." The majority of Israel, not of Judah.

10. "Reigned two years." Five years and more had passed since the death of Saul, and Abner now proclaimed Ish-bosheth king of Israel, and thought himself powerful enough to reduce Judah to obedience. David seems to have been anointed very soon after Saul's death, but it must have taken Abner some time to gather up the scattered army and recover from the defeat and losses of Gilboa, where Saul and his three sons died, sufficiently to attend to the inauguration of Ish-bosheth.

III. David king over all Israel (5: 1-10). After Abner and Ish-bosheth were assassinated, the tribes of Israel came to David, through their elders, and urged him to become king over all Israel. They gave good reasons for this: 1. David was one of their race. 2. He had shown himself worthy. 3. He was divinely appointed. 4. He understood the duties of a king. David was then anointed king over all Israel. This was his third anointing. The king then went to Jerusalem to reign.

The Last Link.

The last link connecting Seattle, Wash., and St. Michaels, Alaska, by wire has been completed.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Criticisms by Dr. Herran, Colombian Charge d'Affaires in Washington, on the course of the American Minister in Bogota displeased State Department officials.

The Army General Staff is said to be considering plans for dividing the Department of the East and creating several new departments.

The State Department made public an outline of the case the United States will present to the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal.

The President appointed Sherman P. McPherson as United States District Attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, to fill a vacancy caused by death.

The cruiser Cleveland made 16.495 knots on its official trial, just .005 below what was required.

It was said in Washington that the President was seeking the cause of the apparent stagnation in the postal inquiry.

General Robert Shaw Oliver took office as Assistant Secretary of War, succeeding William Cary Sanger.

Emile Berliner, an inventor at Washington, said he had successfully tested a flying machine.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Cotton planting in Porto Rico is about to be renewed.

An electric railroad was started in Ponce, Porto Rico.

The crops in the Philippines were said to be unusually good this year.

The Hawaiians are much gratified at the success of the recently laid Pacific cable.

DOMESTIC.

A fast freight train, west-bound, killed three women at Felton's Crossing, four miles east of Ligonier, Ind.

With three decks cut through and several ribs bent, the gunboat Scorpion went into dry dock at Brooklyn, N. Y., as a result of the collision with the steamer H. M. Whitney.

Despondent because of lack of work, John Lilly, who was some years ago dismissed from the police force for taking a bribe, killed himself at New York City.

Anderson Finch, colored, charged with an attempted assault upon a white woman, was hanged at Boydton, Va.

The army transport Thomas sailed from San Francisco, Cal., carrying $7,000,000 in treasure, of which $2,000,000 is in new silver certificates.

Eleven persons were badly injured at Cincinnati, Ohio, by the collision of a trolley car and a milk wagon.

All but two of the eight men on trial for attacking the jail at Danville, Ill., were found guilty.

Two engineers were killed at Bellevue, Ohio, by a fast freight crashing into a switch engine.

While sleeping in a chair in a saloon Michael Hoolihan, the bartender, was robbed and beaten to death in Kansas City, Mo., by an unknown man.

Facing his divorced wife, who had married again, Herbert O. Shaffer, at Chicago, Ill., killed himself by taking carbolic acid.

Twenty-one indictments were reported against City and County Clerk Aichele, of Denver, Col., who is charged with malfeasance.

United States Senators who went to Alaska on an investigating tour have returned to Seattle, Wash., and say they do not favor a territorial government.

Senator Fairbanks condemned lynch law at the Minnesota State Fair, and blamed the intelligent citizen for his indifference to enforcing the law.

The war maneuvres at Portland, Me., ended; General Chaffee said the chief benefit was the instruction given to the young officers and volunteers.

FOREIGN.

The situation in Macedonia was more quiet, the insurgents apparently being unable to make headway against the overwhelming Turkish forces.

The American war ships Brooklyn and the San Francisco arrived at Beirut.

The entire Manchurian railroad was reported to be guarded by Russian troops.

Vesuvius' eruption continued. A great crater has been formed.

Prussia and Belgium will probably send troops into Moresnet to prevent gambling.

King Leopold visited President Loubet to ask, it was understood, France's aid in sustaining Belgium's position in the Congo region.

Fire almost destroyed the Bosnian town of Travnik, and several persons lost their lives.

A Japanese gunboat at the port of Yongampho refused admittance to an American trading vessel.

The Duke of Devonshire denied a report that he intended to resign from the Cabinet at its next meeting.

Andrew Carnegie, in an address before the Iron and Steel Institute at Barrow, predicted higher prices for steel, owing to the future scarcity of raw material.

The Cobden Club sharply rebuked Mr. Chamberlain for a statement relating to the club's members and purposes.

Two victories were won for America in the Alaska boundary case, the first being the immediate organization of the commission, and the second, a decision to close oral arguments by October 9.

King Edward started on his return to England after an affectionate leave-taking from Emperor Francis Joseph.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Veteran Reunion at Tunkhannock.

The surviving members of the Fiftieth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, to the number of fifty-nine, met in their thirty-fourth annual reunion at the Court House in Tunkhannock. B. W. Lewis delivered the address of welcome, and the response was by the president, General Samuel K. Schwenk. At the business meeting a committee was appointed to erect a monument for the regiment on Antietam battle ground, and to select and place memorial tablets at Vicksburg. The following officers were elected: President, Samuel K. Schwenk; Vice-President, William Eckert; Secretary and Treasurer, J. M. Mishler. At the open camp fire Captain Jack Crawford, the poet scout, was the principal speaker.

Woman Foiled This Suicide.

With a twenty-five-pound stone tied to his neck Sebastian Grebe, aged sixty-five, attempted to drown himself in the Schuylkill River at Reading. Mrs. William Tobias, rowing on the river, saw the old man leap into the water and sink without a struggle. She rowed to shore, called Policeman Kemp and took him to the rescue. Together they lifted the old man into the boat, and at the police station he was bailed out. He would assign no cause for his attempted suicide.

The Crop Report.

The latest report of the condition of the crops in this State follows: "Low temperature and frequent showers delayed oat harvest, growth of crops, farm work and damaged oats in shock; increased rot in potatoes reported; yield of oats fair; corn continues backward; buckwheat filling nicely; fair crop of tobacco being housed; vegetables improving; pastures in good condition; plums fairly plentiful in localities; peaches scarce; apples fair to good."

Laughed, Joked and Died.

Returning from a walk, after spending the day in Stroudsburg, Mrs. Birdsall, a Brooklyn widow spending the summer at the Pines, near Analemink, sat down with her relatives and began talking and joking. Suddenly, however, she threw up her hands, gasped with pain and in a few moments had died. Heart disease was the cause

Millions For Pensioners.

Pennsylvania has a generous share of the pensioners of the United States. Out of 991,836 pensioners on the rolls on June 30, as shown by the report of Commissioner of Pensions Ware, 101,164 make their home in Pennsylvania. Out of a total payment of $136,992,181 for the past year, $13,330,201 went to Pennsylvania.

Gold Ring Refused to Grow.

A gold ring which over two years ago was lost in the straw in the barn of Isaac Kinsey, at Basket, was found by Mrs. Kinsey in one of the farmer's corn fields. She saw the ring glittering in the ground, and it may have been threshed out and sown with the grain.

Car Fares Cheaper Than Tuition.

Rather than pay tuition to the borough of Yardley the School Directors of Lower Makefield Township will send children of that district who have a distance to travel to country schools on the trolley cars and pay their transportation.

No More Extra Loaves Gratis.

The attempt of the master bakers to raise the price of bread in Allentown was a failure. It will remain at four cents a loaf as heretofore, but the bakers will abolish the ticket system, which gives seven loaves for twenty-five cents.

A Bad Month For Cupid.

During August but 103 marriages licenses were issued in Berks County, and Register Kemmerer attributes the losses of ten couples, as compared with the same month last year, to the damp, chilly weather.

All Through the State.

Frank E. Burgess has been appointed postmaster at Antrim, Tioga County.

Lancaster City Council has passed an anti-spitting ordinance, with a $1 penalty.

Thieves have recently stolen every bicycle found unguarded in Waynesboro.

A. M. Douglass caught three white catfish in the Neshaminy at Hulmeville.

Frank Yondel met death by a fall of coal at Luke Fidler colliery, near Shamokin.

Charles Baughman, of near York, claims to have killed 152 garter snakes, all in one nest.

The Women's Auxiliary has raised $1000 for the Chester County Hospital at West Chester.

Leroy Fisher accidentally shot his sister in the hand at Sellersville while playing with a rifle.

The ordinance licensing Lower Merion hackmen has gone into effect, as well as the scale of prices to be charged.

Aged Christian Smith was found dead along the Stony Creek Railroad at Norristown, a victim of asthma, it is supposed.

Thomas Collins, a woodsman, committed suicide by leaping from a bridge into Kettle Creek, at Cross Fork, Potter County.

Allentown has seventy automobiles registered, a larger number in proportion to population than any other city in the State.

John Spears, a graduate of Cornell University, will be instructor in chemistry and physics at the Lower Merion High School.

Morris Howard, a farm hand in the employ of Henderson Supplee, Upper Merion, was badly gored about the abdomen by a cow.

THE UNEXPECTED HAPPENING.

BY A. GREEN.

Far up the mountain side nestled as it were among the great grey boulders, which were piled in such gigantic proportions as to defy the mind of human to calculate their quantity, stood the sheave house of the X & Y brick company, an industry that had recently sprung into existance.

The great mountains of the old Keystone state which generation after generation have stood out as monuments of seemingly uselessness, now furnish the all-important ingredient for making brick which the market of the world demands, deposits which for centuries have quietly awaited the time when the all-seeing power which controls the minds of men, caused these great masses of grey rock to be useful and of commercial value. The older residents of central Pennsylvania can readily recall the day when their grandparents allowed such land to be sold for the taxes, and fresh in the minds of the men and women of middle age come the reminiscence of transfer of such property for a song, as is sometimes said.

Ah, those days are gone by. The day of investigation and research is upon us, and who would live in the bygone time when knowledge of our surroundings was so limited.

But to get to our narrative the readers must familarize themselves somewhat with the scene, while one of great beauty and at the same time one when looked upon by those who are not in daily contact with mountain scenery will at once suggest to the mind great danger to those whose daily duties call them to be at the sheave house located among the clouds, so to speak, of one of our well known mountains twelve hundred feet above the surrounding country, commanding a view that can only be imagined and must be seen to be appreciated and understood. Far across the valley below looking west is seen the Juniata as it winds around the many hills like a beautiful ribbon. As the vision travels farther to the west the church towers of the distant village points heavenward, the monarch pine and tall chestnut of a well known mountain with its bluff of hundreds of feet ending abruptly at the river brink as if cut off by some powerful hand so as not to interfere with the flow of that beautiful stream. Here and there charred monuments of forest fires blackened the grey background, the well-kept farm properties along the foot formed a picture of peaceful home life; large crows circling up from the valley below with their peculiar cry as they are pursued by the plucky little sparrow, who lacks not the courage to attack his enemy of sombre hue, all lend to the enchantment of the early spring scene as viewed by the hard working quarrymen, as they roll the great stones from the mountain side toward the cars which run down the long incline plane, at the foot of which stands the railroad cars to convey the stone to the manufacturing establishment of this great company.

It is said that the men who go down in the boats which ply on the Atlantic and other deep waters take their lives in their hands on account of the many dangers that they come constantly in contact with. While that is doubtless the case with the sailor boy, it is also true of many other occupations and especially so does it apply to the hundreds of men and boys who work in the various sand and ganister quarries of central Pennsylvania. Many sad accidents might be recorded which does not appear in public print and many brave deeds are placed to the credit of these sons of toil which the recording angel will have duly entered on the right side of the personal record which at the last great day will be of so much interest to us all.

The long incline track with its three rails as viewed by an on-looker from the bottom, resembles somewhat the picture of Jacob's ladder into the sky, as it seems to hang, as it were, against the mountain steep with a human-like clinging. So straight is the grade that one is lost in wonder as the eye follows the track as up, up it mounts into the ethereal region, and the heavy trucks loaded with stone coming and going up and down this wonderful structure as easily as if the track was on a level roadbed instead of one of a grade of forty-five degrees, held only by the wire cable. This is of course as perfect as mechanical skill can make it, and those whose duty it is to see that the cable is in good condition are the most careful and intelligent employees in the service of such establishments But it is the unexpected which happens. When all is thought to be secure and in number one order, crash may go some part of the machinery controlling the important cable, the rest can be guessed at from the headlines in the daily paper classed as "unavoidable accidents."

The unexpected happenings, classed as unavoidable accidents, often bring great sorrow to industrial communities. The cars which convey the stone from the top of the mountain to the tipple, as the place for loading the stone for shipment is called, are attached to a cable of wire which runs the whole length of the incline plane, passing around two large sheave wheels in the house at the top of the plane called the sheave house, on account of sheltering the great wheels around which the all-important cable is wound and carefully adjusted by the man in charge.

At the rear of this house the wire cable is taken through the building and fastened in the most secure manner by sinking strong timbers into the hard, rocky soil and wrapping the end of the cable around them, and every precaution is taken to prevent accident which would come from a slip of the cable, where the end of the wires are fastened to the beams sunk among the rocks. To all appearances there was not enough earth to fill an ordinary size bucket, but an agency was at work among the grey boulders which had been overlooked by the careful workmen and by which could be brought about an unfortunate accident to be classed as unexpected or unavoidable.

Not far from the end of the cable on a large pine, whose rugged trunk had withstood the storms of a century or more, lived a family of chipmunks, a small brown and white animal whose pranks are well known to all who live in the vicinity of a wooded district and their playful antics aften furnished amusement for the workmen as the noontide hour was spent in the dense shade of the giant pine on the mountain steep.

Little the toilers thought as they watched the cunning chips in their wild scamper up and down the old tree and in and out among the great stones when they were not gathering up the crumbs that fell from the dinner buckets were engaged in a work that might bring destruction. The little creatures, whose frisking among the trees is ever a pleasure to those who will take the time to watch them, had built their nests by burrowing among the rocks and taking small particles of bark and dry leaves to arrange their household to their liking, also some earth had been scratched into the hole they had excavated with their tiny feet. The location they had chosen was on the end of the cable, its presence seems to have attracted them to make a new home with the twisted wires and heavy timbers for a foundation. All went well and the season advanced when a very heavy storm visited the mountain side. Dark, lowering clouds come sweeping down the gap and their contents seemed to be emptied almost instantaneously on that portion of the mountain where the X & Y sheave house stood. The crashing of limbs as they were torn from the great trees, the blinding lightning in its wonderful display among the great boulders and forest monarchs created an awe-inspiring scene to those who were obliged to remain among the elements as well as those who, from the valley below, looked up and congratulated themselves that they were where they were and hoped none of the boys would be hurt in their dangerous position among the clouds. The sun followed the storm with a mid-summer glare, making the atmosphere humid and oppressive. The workmen soon made their way up to where they could send the rocks rolling and tumbling down toward the cars.

Chip, chip, chip, up and down the old pine tree frisked a dozen little brown and white creatures, all with their bushy tails high in the air, indicating that they were unusually excited for some reason. Investigation would have disclosed the fact that their summer home among the rocks on the end of the cable had been flooded by the hard down-pour of rain, so completely was the water in possession that they could not get in it at all. The leaves and bark and other soft material were thoroughly soaked with water, making a perfect paste. The leader chip after a tour of inspection doubtless informed his companions that their work had been for no purpose, the home would have to be abandoned and left in possession of the water.

That the building of a chipmunk's home over the cable's end could bring about an accident of any kind would seen incredible, and yet we have learned from demonstrations not a few that it is the unexpected which happens.

After a thorough overhauling of the machinery to find out what caused the break in the wire on which so much depended, the investigators step by step traced from the tipple at the foot of the hill to the sheave house on the mountain and the verdict was "unavoidable accident," but the facts demonstrated that the fastenings of the cable had been rusted off outside of the sheave house, when it was uncovered a large quantity of old leaves and other refuse was found thoroughly damp causing rust to eat its way through the wires, after the chipmunks had forsaken their home on account of the storm having made it uncomfortable and too damp for their occupancy. Each successive shower during the season supplied fresh amunition of destruction while to all outside appearances the fastenings of the cable were as secure as the rocks in in which they were embedded.

The accident reported as unavoidable will long be remembered by those who live in the vicinity. Down the long incline rushed a heavy loaded car. The workmen were in the habit of making use of this means to get up and down the mountain. The wheelman at the sheave house, to his consternation, found that the brake would not hold the cable. It seemed to be slipping from the inside of the house. With almost superhuman effort he applied the powerful brake but with no effect except to throw himself over on the platform on which he was standing. The force of the slipping cable twisted the brake rod, causing him to fall several feet away from it and roll over among the rocks. All was over in a twinkling, the car half way down the mountain side had left the track leaping with lightning speed out among the rocks, plowing its way through as if the obsticles were paper instead of massive stones and giant trees which had stood for years the blasts of heavy storms. Fortunately none of the workmen were on the car.

Why not have thorough examination of all such fastenings? Yes, that is proper, but it is the unexpected which happens and as in this case the surrounding of the the cable was such as to completely deceive the most thorough inspector. The gradual rusting off of the fastenings of the wire, caused by the playful chipmunks on the mountain steep building their summer homes among the timbers fastening the cable, brought about the accident which adds one to the many unexpected happenings that might bring sorry to the hardy sons of toil, but it demonstrates their sturdy manliness to daily and hourly risk their lives in localities and situations where death might at any moment and without warning come.

True we often know of accidents in seemingly less dangerous locations but to be constantly exposed, as is the case of workmen in the quarries in question, requires determination of character not demanded in most walks in life and should engender thoughtfulness on the part of each individual so employed to be ever on the alert for unexpected happenings and their consequences.

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